The Man Who Would Never Betray

By COSMO HAMILTON

(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

I want you to tell me. I've got my own ideas on the matter. Was Dinton coward or liar?

There is a woman in the story, and Dinton has a straight nose, a fine mustache, and he stands six foot one in his socks.

Canon Dinton had one son, Maj. Carbis one daughter. Their houses lay near to each other in a village outside Gloucester.

Harry Dinton and Mary Savernake Carbis knew each other by sight before either was able to pass the time of day in words tabulated by Johnson. For some years they were wheeled out side by side. For some years they ran together hand in hand. Then came Harrow, and a "school for the daughters of gentlemen" at Brighton. In the holidays they raced on ponies, blackberried and kissed each other in a brother-and-sister way. Then the boy entered the "shop," as his father had wished to do before him, and the girl remained at Brighton. In the holidays they still raced on ponies, played tennis and golf; but they blackberried and kissed each other no more in a brother-and-sister way. At 17 they were, very secretly (no one must know), engaged to be married. Harry's mustache could be twisted; just half Mary's hair had gone up.

Jove, how time slips on from chapter to chapter!

Harry Dinton grew into a fine young man, straight-backed, clean-eyed, hard of hand. On the great day upon which he came down to the drawing-room in his first uniform he looked every inch a soldier.

"Will he do, Dinton? Will he do?" said the major, with a slight moisture in the corners of his eyes, due very likely to gout.

"He's a credit," replied Canon Dinton, in the stiffest speech he ever perpetrated, due, very likely, to gout also, "to his father, to his friends, and to the nation."

"Eh, Mary my dear, eh?"

"Yes, indeed!" said Mary, while in her heart she cried: "He's a man, and he's mine—he's mine."

And then Harry "joined," and began to live as most of them live; he bought things he couldn't afford, and gambled and paid up with other people's money, and flirted a little with young married women. Soon, quite soon, his mental perspective began to change. The three figures which hitherto had dwarfed all others in his sight became, respectively, "dear old dad," "funny old chap," "poor little Mary."

Poor little Mary read, and re-read, and kept his letters—we know the letters—and laid her flowers, her heart, her faith, her trust, at the foot of the pedestal upon which she had placed the image of the man who would never betray. For you must understand that Mary was no ordinary girl.

She was a hero worshiper, an enthusiast, an optimist, a believer in things; she was very simple. So far as she knew, she had never possessed a mother, you will remember. Her environment also kept her from becoming as other girls are. The country was all she needed. Her garden, her animals, the management of her father's house, filled her days. Her dissipations were the croquet matches she played with the Canon and her father, till the light failed, to be followed by cut-throat bridge with them under the green-shaded lamp. She needed no frocks. She attended no sales. She borrowed no money. She met no "smart" people. She saw no life, but she lived to her own complete satisfaction in her dull, stupid village. There were the letters, you will remember. (We know the letters.)

Do not for a moment run away with the notion that Harry did not believe the high-flown, not badly-worded sentiments he professed (ri-weekly to the young woman he was to marry. At that time he did, although he received many three-cornered notes from a Mrs. Tarporley, who kept open house and possessed no available husband. He said to himself that the whole thing was different; that, really and truly, Mary was the only woman in the world. "One has to be ordinarily civil, don't y' see." And so, to the surprise of his best pal, he still continued to play the game, more or less according to rules.

Then came a day when the regiment was ordered to India. Harry spent his leave at home. For the first few days the general petting he received was very pleasing. Then the croquet bored him, and playing bridge for love didn't amuse. It was all so quiet, so slow, so off-the-map. There were many things he was missing, the opera, with—but that doesn't matter; a new play; a polo match at Hurlingham. Of course, Mary was the most beautiful girl in the world and all that; but why didn't somebody tell her not to wear dresses cut in that way? They weren't worn. And her hair—nobody did hair in that outre manner. Everything irritated him.

"I dunno," he kept saying, in an ashamed way, in the watches of the night; "I dunno, I'm sure. Dear old dad used to seem such a grand chap at one time—such a distinguished man, built big and all that. Now he strikes one as a rather common-place fusser. I mean—Oh, dash it all, how rotten everything is! And then, take the major. What a feeble—Oh, well, I suppose I'm out of condition. It's liver, or lack of exercise. I wonder why the devil I haven't heard from Editha for two whole days! . . . Poor little Mary, she is a dear! Just the same as she always was. Full of poetry and heroism, and a sort of deadly cheerful earnestness. I wish to goodness her father would take her down to London, and let her see how other people do things. With any luck she might meet another man. She. Oh, dash everything! I'm certain I ain't fit."

On the last day of his leave Mary took the man who would never betray to the place where she had first kissed him in [illegible]

The poor child was on the verge of a breakdown. Only a very strong will-effort kept away a great burst of weeping. Harry was touched and ashamed [illegible] They stood silently for a minute or two [illegible] rustic bridge declared to be unsafe. The world was full of music.

"Good-by," whispered Mary.

"Good-by," said Harry, taking her in his arms. "You will—write often?"

"What?"

"By every mail. And you?"

"Of course."

A tremendous wave of sympathy came over him, and he kissed her with something of the old boyish fire.

Instantly she flung her arms around his neck and told him, incoherently, with tears and laughter, what he was to her, what he had always been, what he would always be. "I am one of those queer people," she said, "who, having made an idol, could never see it shattered and live. If you forgot me, Harry—forgive me, darling, for suggesting such an absolutely absurd thing—I should throw myself into this river and drown."

"I don't believe you," said Harry, trying to speak lightly.

"As God is in Heaven," said Mary.

Not strangely—there is nothing strange in this world, as we all know—love took Editha Tarporley to India, too. And until his leave came round again—a matter of some dozens of months—she and Harry waved aside the rules of the game.

Remembering the horrible solemnity and determination in Mary's voice as they stood by the river, Harry, hero, continued to write by almost every mail to the girl he was to marry, hoping always, in a feeble kind of way, that another man would come along with whom she would fall in love, knowing that she would never in her life love anyone except himself.

It cannot be said that Harry was happy. Mary was. Wasn't she to marry the man who would never betray?

Two days before he left India he swore to be true to Editha, and she hung round his neck much as Mary had done, telling him that she was not afraid. He would wait till she was free, she knew. I think I said that his nose was straight, that his mustach was fine, and that he stood six foot one in his socks.

A wire was handed to him on board. It ran in this way: "Henry has passed away. Cable just arrived. I am broken-hearted. Come back soon to Editha." And the words danced in his brain all the way home to the little village outside Gloucester.

His father found in him a man he didn't know. A little startled, but not without pleasure, pride and excitement, he began at once to cultivate his son's acquaintance. The major knew the climate of India, and put the change down to that. Mary welcomed him quietly and the Canon and her father noticed for the first time that she, too, had changed. Here was a woman who had been a child.

There was much laughter with tea. The two oldish men vied with each other in saying slightly cynical things, with an air about them of knowing a man of the world when they saw him.

Mary only looked her remarks.

Presently they found themselves Mary and Harry, going instinctively to the river.

For some time, while the sun set, they talked commonplaces, but with an obvious strain. Then suddenly, as though she could stand it no longer, Mary got up and ran to the middle of the bridge. Its rotten planks creaked horribly.

"Mary," cried Harry, "come back!" He made a plunge at the bridge to take her into safety.

"If you come on the bridge, too, it will break and I shall fall in."

"Why stand there?" he cried frantically.

Mary spoke very quietly, as though saying something she had carefully rehearsed.

"A week before you came home I received a letter from an old school-fellow who is in India. She is married to a man in your regiment and knows you."

"Oh!" said Harry. "Be quick. It's cracking!"

"She's a woman I have never known to tell an untruth. She warns me against you, and tells me that you and a Mrs. Tarporley—am I to believe that? You know why I am standing here. I told you what I should do. Have you and Mrs. Tarporley—"

For an instant Dinton hesitated. If he said yes, there would be no obstacle in his way to prevent marriage with Editha. If he said no, he would be obliged to marry a woman he no longer loved, no longer cared about.

"No," he cried. "It's a lie."

"On your honor?"

"On my honor as a gentleman."

With a great cry, Mary made a run, and, as the worm-eaten plank gave way, scrambled up the bank and flung herself into the arms of the man who would never betray.

Battle Picture.

Thomas M. Henry, a noted British marine painter, has just finished a picture of the naval battle of Copenhagen, April 2, 1801, which covers an area of 90 square feet, and has on it 56 pounds of paint. The industrious artist wore out 50 brushes on it.

HARD ON HIM.

He (trying to make an impression) The poems I write are not only about imaginary things. I have only to open my eyes like this to see something beautiful before me.

She—How charming. How I wish I could say the same.—Philadelphia Press.

CALLS OUR SAILORS BEST.

Admiral Dewey Says Men on American Ships Are Equal to Those of Any Other Nation.

Chicago.—"I believe we have as good a navy as any nation in the world. Our ships are as good as the best, our officers are the peers of those of any country that flies a flag, and our enlisted men are absolutely the best in the world."

These words from the lips of Admiral George Dewey were the signal

ADMIRAL DEWEY.
(Naval Hero Makes Short Address at a Chicago Banquet.)

for a remarkable demonstration at the Merchants' club banquet here the other evening.

Admiral Dewey spoke impromptu. His address was entirely unexpected.

"My admiration of the American seaman—the man who stands behind the gun—is so great that I firmly believe, if all of the officers on an American ship were killed in action, the sailors could take command of the ship and fight her to victory," continued the white-haired hero.

Again prolonged cheering interrupted Admiral Dewey.

Admiral Dewey then expressed the hope that the new training school which is being established near Chicago would be successful in drawing recruits to the navy.

"It's the young men from the great middle west who make the best sailors. They are the men who learn to manipulate the delicate machinery of a man-of-war. It isn't necessary any longer that the fighting sailors of our navy should have the figures as seafaring men. It is men with good mechanical ideas, good educations and good habits that are depended upon to keep up the present standard of the navy. I didn't come here to make a speech—in fact, this is the longest speech I ever made in my life," said the hero of Manila as he resumed his seat.

ANCIENT COMMUNION CUP.

First Used in Baptist Church of Avon, Mass., in 1785 and Recently Brought to Light.

Boston.—An article of historic interest is the first communion cup used by the Avon (Mass.) Baptist society, which recently celebrated its one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary.

The cup is now in the custody of Deacon W. Elmer Crane, of Avon. It is of pewter, and holds about half a pint. Originally there were two cups presented to the society, but there is no record of the present location of the companion cup.

The society was organized in 1784, and for some time previous to the building of a church services were held at various places. The first communion was administered on the first Sunday in March, 1785, when this cup was used. Upon the discontinuance of the early form of service the cup came into the possession of Deacon Charles Packard, who some time previous to his death, many years ago, presented it to Marcus M. Porter, now a resident of Stoughton, who at that time lived in Avon and was a deacon in the Baptist church. Few persons knew of the existence of the cup until a few weeks ago, when at the celebration of the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the society, Mr. Porter presented the cup to the society.

THE HISTORIC CUP
(Used at First Communion at Baptist Church of Avon, Mass.)

There is no inscription on the cup, but the officials of the society intend to have one engraved on it.

Ancient Wines.

"The tombs of Ben Hassam," said an antiquary, "are interesting on account of their realistic paintings. In these tombs, which are 5,000 years old, are many pictures of drunkards. Drunken men, waving wine cups in both hands, are being carried home by sneering slaves. Drunken women lurch through the streets, followed by little mocking children. All this, mind you, 5,000 years ago. Alexander the Great used to hold drinking contests. He who could drink and carry off the most wine won. Promachus, the skilled Promachus, won a gold cup from Alexander by drinking 14 quarts of wine. Fourteen quarts! The Romans used to serve at their banquets wines 80 and 100 years old. They would mix with these wines turpentine, resin and sea water. Thus, they thought, a fine flavor was gotten. I once tasted a wine 200 years old. It was so thick we had to dig it out with a spoon. Its flavor was so horrible that turpentine, resin and sea water would, no doubt, have improved it."

Beyond Hope.

"Is Binks intemperate?"

"Frightfully. Why, that man never even lets his mouth water!"—Town Topics.

Impoverished Soil

Impoverished soil, like impoverished blood, needs a proper fertilizer. A chemist by analyzing the soil can tell you what fertilizer to use for different products.

If your blood is impoverished your doctor will tell you what you need to fertilize it and give it the rich, red corpuscles that are lacking in it. It may be you need a tonic, but more likely you need a concentrated fat food, and fat is the element lacking in your system.

There is no fat food that is so easily digested and assimilated as

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

It will nourish and strengthen the body when milk and cream fail to do it. Scott's Emulsion is always the same; always palatable and always beneficial where the body is wasting from any cause, either in children or adults.

We will send you a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

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CHEMISTS
409 Pearl St., New York
50c. and $1.00.
All Druggists.

Matrimonial Mishap.

She—When I saw old Billyuns and his wife at Niagara a couple of years ago she was billing and cooing with him in a way to make you tired.

He—That was the honeymoon.

"And I saw where the other day in court she had forced him to pay her the best part of his income as alimony."

"That's the harvest moon."—Baltimore American.

In the Presence of Power.

"This," said the ardent patriot, "is a country where every citizen is entitled to freedom of speech and, so long as he deserves it, the respect of his fellowmen."

"Just wait till you get summoned as a juror before some of our minor judges," replied the pessimist. "Maybe you'll change your mind and not brag so much."—Washington Star.

Venturesome Princess.

The king of Saxony's sister, Princess Matilda, ascended the cupola of St. Peter's, at Rome, and added her name to the list of royal personages who have performed the feat. It was only with difficulty that she was persuaded not to follow her father's example in climbing into the overhanging bath a height of 408 feet.

Greatest Diamond Expert.

The credit of being the greatest diamond expert in America is generally awarded to Gen. Mindil, who for ten years has had charge of the jewel-room in the appraiser's office, New York. The importer who can bamboozle Gen. Mindil as to the value of a precious stone has not yet come to the front.

Russians in London.

In investigating the death of a child, London lodging-house inspectors found a room at the east end in which 19 Russians slept. Their beds almost touched. There was a stove in the middle of the room and no ventilation, and water was running down the window panes in streams.

Repartee.

"Your appalling ignorance interests me. For the sake of the experience, I'd give $100 to be as big a fool as you are for five minutes."

"Yes, and the rest of your life you could boast of having had one lucid interval."—Cleveland Leader.

Unreasonable.

"Are you going to call on our new neighbors, my dear?"

"Do you know anything against them?"

"Only that the head of the house is heavily insured in our company."

"But, my dear, you can't expect me to recognize a mere policyholder, can you?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Only Way.

Mrs. Nocoyne—Jack, we'll have to get a divorce.

Mr. Nocoyne—What do you mean?

Mrs. Nocoyne—It's either divorce or ruin. Eighteen of the eople who gave us wedding presents are going to be married next month. Shall I apply or will you?—Cleveland Leader.

Not Far Enough Away.

"Johnnie, did you not hear your mother calling you?"

"Sure t'ing."

"Then why are you going away from the house, instead of toward it?"

"'Cause I kin hear her callin' me."—Houston Post.

The Vain Author.

"The editor has rejected one of his own articles."

"Great guns! Why?"

"He said he couldn't afford to pay himself anywhere near what it was worth, so he'd have to send it somewhere else."—Cleveland Leader.

Always Analytical.

"The successful people nowadays are the reformers," remarked the patriotic citizen.

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum. "I believe that reform is actually getting around to a basis where it can be made to pay."—Washington Star.

Not Woman's Work.

Tilly—I wonder why women don't make good bill collectors?

Billy—Oh, on account of the old saying, I suppose.

Tilly—What old saying?

Billy—A woman's work is never dun.—Judge.

Would Act Natural.

"What would you do, Henry?" asked Mrs. Johnson, "if burglars got into the house?"

"Do?" replied her husband. "I suppose I would just do what they told me. I've never had my own way in this house yet."—Tit-Bits.

Asked.

"My proudest boast," said the lecturer, who expected his statement to be greeted with cheers, "is that I was one of the men behind the guns."

"How many miles behind?" shouted a voice in the gallery.—Cassell's.

A Point of Honor.

Chatter—Do you ever take your auto out on Sunday?

Goodleigh—Yes; but I make it a point never to run over anybody on that day.—Judge.

Was Honest.

"Is he honest?"

"Honest? He wouldn't even take a photograph."—Town Topics.

REACH THE SPOT.

To cure an aching back,
The pains of rheumatism,
The tired-out feelings,
You must reach the spot—get at the cause.

In most cases 'tis the kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys.

Charles Bierbach, stone contractor, living at 2625 Chestnut St., Erie, Pa., says: "For two years I had kidney trouble, and there was such a severe pain through my loins and limbs that I could not stoop or straighten up without great pain, had difficulty in getting about and was unable to rest at night, arising in the morning tired and worn out. The kidney secretions were irregular and deposited a heavy sediment. Doctors treated me for rheumatism, but failed to help me. I lost all confidence in medicine, but Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me so quickly and so thoroughly that I gladly made a statement to that effect for publication. This was in 1898, and during the six years which have elapsed I have never known Doan's Kidney Pills to fail."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Bierbach will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists; price, 50 cents per box.

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Completely RENOVATED and TRANSFORMED in every department.
The largest and most attractive Lobby and Rotunda in the city.
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Rates for Rooms, $1.50 and upward; $3.00 and upward with bath. Parlor, bedroom and bath, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00 per day. Parlor, two bedrooms and bath, $5.00, $6.00 and $8.00 per day. $1.00 extra where two persons occupy a single room. Write for Booklet.

SWEENEY-TIERNEY HOTEL COMPANY.
E. M. TIERNEY, MANAGER.

ERIE RAILROAD

Time Table in Effect June 25, 1905.

GOING WEST—READ DOWN. GOING EAST—READ UP

No. 19	No. 25	No. 7	No. 5	No. 3	No. 1	STATIONS. Leave. Arrive.	No. 20	No. 4	No. 2	No. 14	No. 8	No. 6
p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.
.....	.....	9.10	7.25	2.40	8.55	New York	.....	3.52	7.07	1.07	6.17	7.52
.....	.....	12.28	10.35	5.27	11.29	Port Jervis	.....	1.14	4.36	10.00	3.25	5.00
6.33	6.30	3.40	1.10	8.30	2.22	Susquehanna	10.00	10.25	1.54	6.50	12.28	2.03
7.15	7.10	4.25	1.45	9.05	2.54	Binghamton	9.19	9.49	1.19	6.05	11.45	1.28
7.56	7.54	5.03	2.14	9.35	3.22	Owego	8.29	9.17	12.48	5.06	11.05	.....
8.32	8.35	5.35	.....	10.01	3.47	Waverly	7.52	8.51	12.23	4.37	10.33	.....
9.05	9.17	6.12	3.07	10.30	4.13	Elmira	7.20	8.28	11.58	3.58	10.03	11.58
9.35	10.00	6.45	3.34	10.57	4.38	Corning	6.48	8.02	11.33	3.22	9.25	11.29
9.56	10.26	7.14	.....	.....	4.56	Addison	6.28	8.46	11.16	3.01	9.02	.....
10.46	11.20	8.00	.....	.....	.....	Canisteo	5.43	.....	10.44	2.24	8.24	.....
10.55	11.30	8.10	4.35	11.55	5.38	Hornellsville	5.35	7.07	10.36	2.15	8.15	10.30
.....	.....	11.20	7.05	.....	8.00	Buffalo	.....	.....	8.15	.....	4.00	8.00
.....	.....	1.58	.....	.....	9.06	Niagara Falls	.....	.....	7.11	.....	12.43	6.29
.....	2.40	11.30	7.00	2.20	8.43	Salamanca	.....	4.50	7.15	11.15	5.23	8.10
.....	9.30	6.30	12.40	7.45	.....	Cleveland	.....	9.15	.....	.....	8.15	12.45
.....	6.55	6.55	7.45	3.00	.....	Cincinnati	.....	2.25	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	7.55	7.12	10.30	5.35	.....	Chicago	.....	11.00	.....	.....	9.30	.....
p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	Arrive. Leave.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

Above trains run daily, all vestibuled, except 14, 19, 20 and 25. Pullman parlor and sleeping cars.

Additional local trains going east. Leave Hornellsville 8.00 a. m. and 4.10 p. m.; Canisteo 8.08 a. m., 4.18 p. m.; Addison 8.53 a. m., 5.06 p. m.; Corning 9.13 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.; Elmira 9.54 a. m., 6.21 p. m.; Waverly 10.35 a. m., 6.56 p. m.; Owego 11.13 a. m., 7.33 p. m.; Binghamton 11.58 a. m. and 8.25 p. m.

Local trains westward. Leave Susquehanna 11.57 a. m.; Binghamton 12.51 p. m.; Owego 1.36 p. m.; Waverly 2.11 p. m.; Elmira 2.49 p. m.; Corning 3.27 p. m.; Addison 3.51 p. m.; Canisteo 4.42 p. m.; arrive Hornellsville 4.50 p. m.

All through trains equipped with sleeping and parlor cars, dining cars or cafe cars. Through sleepers from Chicago to Boston via D. & H. and B. & M. R. R., on trains 3 and 4. Through sleepers Hornellsville to Boston on trains 7 and 8. No. 5 stops at Waverly to let off passengers from New York and to pick up passengers for Hornellsville and points west.

ROCHESTER DIVISION. **TIOGA DIVISION.**

101	129	107	STATIONS	102	114	108	101	107	105	STATIONS	104	124	108
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Lv. Ar.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	Lv. Ar.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
5.25	1.45	6.40	Elmira	10.45	1.32	9.06	4.50	9.35	.....	Elmira	9.10	.....	5.16
6.00	2.20	7.19	Corning	10.11	1.00	8.30	4.04	10.44	.....	Lawrenville	8.02	.....	4.05
6.42	3.03	8.07	Bath	9.29	12.17	7.47	3.20	11.00	.....	Tioga	7.47	.....	3.50
8.15	3.35	8.35	H'sport	7.15	11.30	5.50	6.40	11.20	12.30	Mansfield	7.30	12.20	3.32
9.15	5.55	11.00	Rochester	7.00	9.35	5.00	7.00	11.40	1.25	Blossburg	7.10	11.40	3.10
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Ar. Lv.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	Ar. Lv.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.

Nos. 101 and 108 run daily, others run daily except Sunday. All trains daily except Sundays.

Additional Rochester Division Trains—No. 207 Sundays only, leaves Elmira 7.15 a. m., arrives Rochester 11.15 a. m. No. 202 Sundays only, leaves Rochester 8.00 m., arrives Elmira 11.42 a. m. No. 30 Saturdays and Mondays only, leaves Hammondsport 7.45 a. m., arrives Elmira 9.10 a. m. No. 35 Fridays and Saturdays, leaves Elmira 4.00 p. m., arrives Hammondsport 5.20 p. m.

BATH & HAMMONSPORT RAILROAD.

Time Table in effect June 26, 1905.

Leave	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	Leave	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
H'sport	8.50	7.15	7.15	11.30	2.00	5.50		Bath	9.35	6.45	8.10	12.20	2.45	7.50
Bath	9.20	7.42	7.45	12.00	3.10	6.20		H'sport	10.00	7.10	8.35	12.45	3.10	8.15

Connecting with trains on the Erie Railroad.

R. H. WALLACE, General Passenger Agent, New York.
J. H. WEBSTER, Div. Passenger Agent, Elmira, N. Y.

RETTIG'S BOTTLING WORKS

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AND SEVERAL OTHER CHEAPER ALES.

All kinds of Soft Drinks, Mineral Waters, Ginger Ale, Pop, etc.

Prompt attention paid to orders by phone or mail.
VALENTINE RETTIG, Corning, N. Y.

Stubborn Coughs and Colds

Obstinate racking coughs that settle on the lungs and may develop into Pneumonia over night are quickly cured by

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

It soothes and heals the inflamed air passages, stops the cough, heals and strengthens the lungs. FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and is safest for children and delicate people.

Remember the name—FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR and insist upon having the genuine, as no other preparation is so safe or as certain in results.

"Gave Up to Die When Cured by Foley's Honey and Tar."

Mrs. P. I. Cordier, of Maysville, Ky., writes: "My three year old girl had a severe case of croup; the doctor said she could not live so I gave her up to die. I went to the store and got a bottle of *Foley's Honey and Tar*. The first dose gave quick relief and saved her life."

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W. L. Chaffin, Editor of St. Petersburg (Fla.) Times, writes: "When coming across the bay from Port Tampa I got a cold that affected my throat and lungs. I neglected it, thinking I would soon recover, but I kept getting worse until I bought a bottle of Foley's *Honey and Tar*, and it cured me promptly."

Three sizes 25c., 50c., $1.00. The 50 cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small and the $1.00 bottle almost six times as much. Refuse substitutes.

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Wellsboro Gazette.

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FRANK CONEVERY, Editor and Prop.

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THE SIX-TRACK TRUNK LINE.
VIA NIAGARA FALLS

PENNSYLVANIA DIV.—FALL BROOK DIST

Condensed Time Table, in effect Nov. 5, 1905.

GOING SOUTH.

	Week Days.					Sundays	
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	
Lyons		9 05	1 50	6 35	9 05		
Geneva		9 31	2 25	7 10	9 31		
D. Sden		9 56	2 44	7 36	9 56		
Penn Yan ar		10 23	3 50	8 22	10 22		
Penn Yan lv		9 22	2 27	7 21	9 22		
Himrods		10 10	3 09	7 52	10 10		
Dundee		10 19	3 18	8 01	10 19		
Watkins		10 42	3 42	8 25	10 42		
Corning ar		11 25	4 25	9 05	11 25		
Corning lv	8 50	11 32	5 05	P.M.	A.M.	5 05	
Lawrenceville	8 20	12 04	5 34			5 34	
Tioga	8 05	12 35	6 30				
Knoxville	7 55	12 55	6 [illegible]				
Westfield	9 34	1 10	7 05				
Ulysses	11 05	2 00	7 55				
Tioga	8 34	12 18	5 55			5 55	
Stokesdale Jct.	7 10	12 55	6 30			6 30	
Wellsboro ar	7 20	1 05	6 40			6 30	
Wellsboro lv	6 50	12 38	6 10			6 22	
Arnonia	7 26	1 12	6 47			6 47	
Blackwells	8 00	1 45	7 20			7 20	
Slate Run	8 18	2 03	7 43			7 43	
Jersey Shore	9 15	3 02	8 38	11 45		8 38	
Williamsport	9 50	3 35	9 10	12 20		9 10	
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		P.M.	
Reading P. & R.	2 55	6 20	4 45	5 50		4 45	
Philadelphia	4 35	10 45	6 50	7 30		6 50	
	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	

GOING NORTH.

	Week Days.					Sundays	
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.			
Williamsport	7 10	2 40	5 35	7 10			
Jersey Shore	7 40	3 11	6 23	7 40			
Slate Run	8 40	4 02	7 26	8 40			
Blackwells	8 56	4 23	7 48	8 56			
Arnonia	9 23	4 53	8 22	9 26			
Wellsboro ar	10 00	5 27	9 00	9 50			
Wellsboro lv	9 30	4 55	8 30	9 51			
Stokesdale Jct.	9 50	5 17	8 50	9 50			
Tioga	10 14	5 46	9 17	10 14			
Ulysses	8 30	3 35					
Westfield	9 12	4 17					
Knoxville	9 27	4 32					
Tioga	9 45	4 50					
Lawrenceville	10 33	5 36	9 32	10 33		P.M.	
Corning ar	A.M. 11 05	6 23	10 00	11 05			
Corning lv	7 00	11 10	6 32	p.m.		6 33	
Watkins	7 29	11 47	7 11		A.M.	7 11	
Dundee	8 00	12 07	7 38			7 38	
Himrods	8 09	12 18	7 49			7 40	
Penn Yan ar	8 48	12 56	8 23			8 23	
Penn Yan lv	7 47	11 57	7 02			7 02	
Dresden	8 24	12 31	7 38			7 38	
Geneva	8 50	1 02	8 27			8 27	
Lyons	9 16	1 30	8 55			8 55	
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.			P.M.	
Auburn, N.Y.C	12 00	4 45	9 50			9 60	
Syracuse	10 40	3 12	11 05			11 05	
Albany	2 00	8 57	2 50			2 50	
New York	5 25	11 00	7 00			7 00	
Rochester	10 50	2 28	9 57			9 57	
Buffalo	12 55	4 15	11 37			11 37	
Niagara Falls	2 13	5 33	12 28			12 28	
	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	

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C. A. SNOW & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS.

MARY JANE IN RED

By CHAS. HOWARD MONTAGUE AND C. W. BYAR

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CHAPTER XVI.—CONTINUED.

Why, that girl was meant for the open air and the sunshine, to sing, to love, to be happy, he thought. It is an incongruous hardship that a tragic life [illegible] life. She is as out of place as a gay soubrette in the family of Lady Macbeth!

But when she spoke, when, encouraged by the ready tact of Thomas, she was led to take part in the pleasant conversation that ensued—Thomas had expressly stipulated that no reference should be made to the tragedy—why, then John Lamm could not restrain his honest admiration and his cordial sympathy. A creature at once so modest and so reckless, in a [illegible] was enough to disarm the most severe of critics. And the detective pronounced her the beau ideal of an ingenuous, mischievous, light-hearted girl, not too shallow to love, but altogether too sunny to hate.

[illegible] than all, he noted the half-abashed, half-reverential air with which she regarded her guardian Thomas; and the peculiar solicitous, respectful and protecting manner which he exhibited toward her.

"Well, well," sighed Lamm, as he walked away, "there is one outcome of the North case which I feel perfectly safe in predicting at the present moment. These two people are in love. A curious match! To think that Thomas should meet his fate under [illegible] I wish I felt so sure of the rest as I do of them!"

And John Lamm hastened back to resume the dropped thread of the case which was intensifying in interest with every hour of investigation.

"If I am right," he muttered, "I shall soon find that Richard Fetridge and that curious woman were in that house together."

He went direct to his inner office and sat down at his desk.

CHAPTER XVII.

MADAME RAYMOND.

John Lamm, confident that a conspiracy was to be found at the bottom of the North case, was reasonably sure already of two parties thereto—Marion Stackhouse and Richard Fetridge. Whether there was anybody else concerned he had not yet made up his mind. The plain yet puzzling charge of Thornton Stackhouse in the letter to the Moissot woman, who seemed to the detective to have been created for the express purpose of tantalizing him with the [illegible] of her existence, indicated that Stackhouse himself had reason to believe her the head and front of all offense.

Again and again John Lamm studied that letter, endeavoring to squeeze out of it the last drop of possible significance; but the writer had so well chosen his words, with the evident purpose of making them unintelligible to a third person, that the detective was suspicious of what seemed the logical deductions therefrom. One thing was certain. Stackhouse charged Marie Moissot (the "person unknown" of Mr. Lamm's notes) with having carried to successful issue, on the 16th of June, a conspiracy to ruin him, and Mr. Lamm believed himself fully possessed of the unfortunate events which had overwhelmed this man during that day. The discovery of this unique charge of murder written in red on the wall of North's library, he did not forget was not the only misfortune. The extraordinary conduct of his wife was quite as serious to Stackhouse, not impossibly

AGAIN AND AGAIN JOHN LAMM STUDIED THAT LETTER.

more so than this implied accusation. To be sure, these two conspicuous facts seemed to be part and parcel of one larger fact, and perhaps appeared to Mr. Stackhouse's mind as one thing; but the detective was altogether too cautious not to have seen that the letter might refer to either one of these calamities. The problem in John Lamm's mind, therefore, stood in this wise:

Q. Does Mr. Stackhouse hold Marie Moissot responsible for implicating him in the murder of his partner or in embittering his domestic relations?

Q. If the former were his belief, would he not have acquainted me with the fact?

And as Mr. Lamm could not help answering the latter question in the affirmative, he was still reasonably sure that there was no evidence in his possession of a third party to the great "conspiracy" which was so puzzling him.

Whence it seemed to be plain that his present duty was to center his efforts upon the two people whom he suspected—to investigate their doings thoroughly, to watch both of them with all possible vigilance.

To keep Marion Stackhouse under surveillance was a comparatively easy task. She had not left the confines of the North estate, except on the occasion of the funeral, since the death of her father's death; and for a full report of her conduct for the immediate present Lamm felt he [illegible] on the vigilance of Moffett and Mollie [illegible] the movements of Richard Fetridge [illegible] Consequently, John Lamm did not dare to trust this apparently most important task to anybody, but himself and those under his active supervision.

On the Wednesday when he received Thomas's confidence in the Stella North affair, Lamm doubled the safeguards and precautions [illegible] himself of the integrity of Richard Fetridge. Not that he ignored other possibilities of investigation: Into the private lives of Stackhouse and North and Marion he was already instituting the most careful inquiries; but Fetridge's [illegible] conditions of [illegible] Fetridge's clerk, and [illegible] Olsen, a predecessor who had been discharged [illegible] in his employer's service, he felt that man could well afford to reward [illegible].

He soon discovered that Mr. Fetridge had [illegible] in legal work, that he had but few clients, and that his chief business now seemed to be to look after the investments of his large property. John Lamm made arrangements to be accurately informed from day to day of a full list of the millionaire's office visitors, especially of those whom he took into his inner sanctum, and whose business with him appeared to be confidential.

It was in this way that he first became informed of the existence of Mme. Raymond.

Here is the report furnished by Richard Fetridge's clerk, Olsen, late in the afternoon of Thursday:

"About three o'clock a mighty pretty woman, whose complexion had evidently been toned up by artificial exertions, asked, in a tone of [illegible] if Mr. Fetridge was in. I said 'No;' [illegible] she might expect him in a few minutes. Would she sit down and wait? She would. She drew her chair up near the window, and looked out all the time. It struck me she was careful not to turn round when anybody came in. I may be wrong, but it occurred to me that she did this so as not to let her face be seen by any chance visitor.

"It was something like 30 minutes before the boss appeared. As soon as she heard his voice she turned round. The boss gave a start. 'Why, Mme. Raymond,' he said, and surprised enough he was. But he hurried her toward his private office, saying something in a low tone, and looking over in my direction. But you may believe I was adding up a column of figures just at that time.

"Well, the two were closeted an hour together, and then the woman came out. Always the politest of men is my boss when a good-looking face is about. He danced attendance on her, and I heard him say, as he took her hand at the door:

"'Have no anxiety, my dear madam. Everything is being carefully looked after. Trust me to see that all comes out right.'

"And that was the last I saw of the woman."

Mr. Lamm, with all his eagerness to get at the case only intensified by these incomplete and unsatisfactory disclosures, requested his informant to let him know the instant that unknown woman appeared in Fetridge's office again.

He was prepared for an indefinite period of waiting, and the arrival of this brief message the morning of the day after he had given these last instructions, came as a pleasant surprise:

"She is here."

With all speed the detective made his way towards the substantial brick building where Richard Fetridge was usually to be found during business hours on any week-day of the year.

Waiting in the quiet corridor, Mr. Lamm found the place almost as deserted, this summer morning, as if it were a bank holiday. But the echo of a door closing on the flight above, and the sound of two voices, one of which was Fetridge's, in amicable conversation, soon demanded his close attention.

It was a woman's voice that spoke the only "good-by" that came unmistakably to the ears of the detective; and a woman's light step heard on the stairway gave him assurance that the mysterious Mme. Raymond was coming his way.

A slight built, willowy woman, this, thought Mr. Lamm, as he watched her pass near at hand, his own presence entirely unnoticed. Pretty, an olive complexion, a little too much "made up;" large, lustrous eyes, black hair (her own undoubtedly), a very graceful figure. Altogether, as Mr. Lamm summed up the case, an attractive brunette on the sunny side of 30, with something of a foreign air about her. Assuredly a visitor to Boston, wherever born and bred.

The graceful figure, well set off by a coquettish bonnet, which, like the summer wrap, had a pleasant contrast of color in it, flitted through the streets.

Followed by more than one admiring glance, the lady was followed also by Mr. Lamm, though not one of the many acquaintances with whom the detective exchanged a bow and a pleasant word, would have suspected the fact.

Mme Raymond, hailing a South End car, and taking a seat with dainty supervision of her skirts, looked at the shop windows past which her route took her, with languid curiosity. Mr. Lamm, two seats behind, did not seem to notice her. Mme. Raymond left the car at a shady crossing; and Mr. Lamm, having seen her on the footpath and well around the corner, swung off the car in his turn, and quite casually walked up the street which the lady had traversed just before.

Mr. Lamm was going by a modest-looking house, with a high doorstep, just as Mme. Raymond was ringing the bell. She was admitted in a moment, and Mr. Lamm still walked on, turning the corner and taking a meditative promenade down a dusty avenue for a little distance.

But the now invisible magnet drew him to that quiet little street to the ninth house on the right, distractingly regular row of respectable looking dwellings. "A lodging house," commented Mr. Lamm, he leisurely looked at the [illegible] his way up the steps [illegible] to tell that fact [illegible]

In his suave inquiry regarding eligible lodgings, the careworn landlady who opened the door took an instant interest. She liked the man's face, as she confided an hour later to a female friend in the millinery line, whom she used to call.

"We have a very good room back up one flight, sir; quite near the bathroom."

"Ah!" The caller seemed to be considering. "I'm a quiet man of business, you understand. No gay roysterers among lodgers, no [illegible] midnight suppers?"

"Dear, me, no, sir," the landlady assured him. "Fact is, we're rather empty now. Only two clerks, very quiet, steady young men, on the third floor, and a transient, a lady, who occupies the parlor bedroom, front, second story."

"She's not musical?"

"I think not, sir. She's not sung since she came here, to my knowledge, a week

MME. RAYMOND.

ago last Wednesday. I think it was—yes, I am sure, for the man was sent in to whiten the walls that day, and that is how I came to remember it."

"Lady, a transient, you say. Stranger, then, of course?"

"It's her first visit to Boston, she tells me. She lives in New York, and is here on a little business. Settling up an estate, I think, though she's not said so in just so many words."

"Ah! Well, in that case, she can't have many friends to call on her in the evening, and chatter, chatter, giggle, giggle for hours together?"

The landlady smiled and shook her head. Lamm resumed, in a very friendly, off-hand fashion:

"You see, ma'am, I should be quite near her room if I concluded to come here, and as I'm a quiet man and go to bed early, I don't want to be kept awake by late and noisy callers or any other lodgers. That was the objection at my last place, ma'am."

The landlady smoothed her apron complacently. "No such difficulty here, sir," she said, with confidence. "Why, Mme. Raymond has only had one caller since she's been here, and I don't know as you can call it a caller, either, for he merely came home with her the evening of the day after the lady took the room here. Yes, it was Thursday week. I noticed him with her at the door when I answered her ring. It was after nine o'clock—and I had got worried about her, being a stranger and so on, so that I was glad to see she had company. 'My brother,' she said to me, and a nice appearing gentleman he was. I liked his face. Well, he came in and had a quiet talk with the lady—a talk that you couldn't hear an inch outside the room, and couldn't possibly disturb anybody, Mme. Raymond has been out once or twice, but no one else has called on her, and I am sure that nothing she and the brother could say, if he should come to see her again, could possibly disturb you, sir."

Mr. Lamm was very far indeed from sharing this opinion of the lady who so desired his presence as a lodger. But his face wore a look of entire, unqualified assent. He asked to see the much-commended apartment "back, up one flight," approved its arrangements, and declared the price very reasonable.

But the best guarantee of his satisfaction was that he actually decided to take the room at once. A week's rent in advance was deposited in the landlady's willing hand. Mr. Lamm took a receipt for the money with a latchkey rolled up therewith, and, saying that he might come in to occupy the room at any time, bade the woman "good-day," and went toward his office, with thoughts in plenty to occupy his attention.

He had quite made up his mind that it was high time to come to a thorough understanding with the man to whose cause he had almost determined to ally himself—Thornton Stackhouse. It was with genuine pleasure, therefore, that he found that gentleman awaiting him in his inner office. Something about the man had excited his sympathies from the first, and he never felt more kindly disposed toward him than on the present occasion. He looked into his haggard face anxiously, and after that look he did not need to hear the man speak to know that he had come to make some important disclosure.

CHAPTER XVIII.

"SO LONG AS SHE LIVES I AM IN DANGER."

On his return to headquarters from some business in connection with the North case Friday morning, a week after the discovery of the murder, Inspector Applebee found a genuine surprise awaiting him.

"There is a lady in there who has been waiting to see you for some time," observed one of his assistants, and immediately after the inspector found himself closeted with the identical lady whose reception of him on a previous occasion had led him to denounce her to his superior as an idiotic and unavailable personage—none other, in fact, than Aunt Comfort Harwood.

It is not probable that the good old lady recognized in Mr. Applebee the gentleman whom she supposed to have been in the gas or water business when she visited her at Swampscott.

The chaotic condition of her mind at that time had been no more proved than her agitation and excitement on the present occasion.

(To Be Continued.)

ESSENTIAL TO HEALTH.

Sleep Is as Important as Good Respiration or Digestion.

Sleep as a factor in physical economics ranks in importance with digestion and respiration. Those who by [illegible] are deprived of sleep [illegible] health [illegible] to adopt all measures of life [illegible] function.

How much sleep is to be determined by dogmatic rules of precedents, nor does each one require the same amount under every condition of [illegible] There must be a [illegible] steady and of unimpeachable character, to restore the balance of neutral energy reduced by whatsoever of fatigue follows upon daily activities; otherwise the sensorium resents this deprivation in one way or another.

In those whose lives are full of repeated and emphatic demands upon them for concentration of attention, the habit of taking short naps is found to be most refreshing and invigorating. Many physicians, some lawyers and other professional men who peruse literature [illegible] secure a brief sleep some time during the day, often in the middle of operations, when an opportunity offers.

When to sleep is again a matter of opinion. Early rising is by common consent a salutary custom, especially when [illegible] wise. It is agreed that more sleep is required in winter than in summer. [illegible] the hours of darkness.

The mind is clearest in the early morning and those who can utilize this period for intellectual work are capable of turning out the best. The sleeping-room should be cool, abundant air being always admitted. This should not be interpreted to mean that the room may safely remain intensely cold. In the modern treatment of tuberculosis fresh air is recognized to be imperatively needed all day and all night.

Artificial heat can and should be supplied along with the fresh air till the temperature of the room be at or near 50 or 55 degrees Fahrenheit for some even 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Above this no one in perfect health is likely to sleep in perfect comfort. Babies and infants need a heat of from 60 degrees Fahrenheit to 70 degrees Fahrenheit, even more at times, yet all require the fresh air, or fullest ventilation.

CAT DECORATED TO MATCH.

An Effective Way to Set Off a Gown, Says a Lady of Fashion.

The young woman who is fully alive to the picturesque possibilities of the cat has a new fad, says the New York Sun. She matches her gown in handsome satin ribbon, which she ties in an enormous perky bow around the neck of her Angora or Persian cat. Then she takes the cat in her arms or in her lap and talks to her men callers and watches the effect. She says that nine times out of ten they seem hypnotized by the picture, and she has heard herself spoken of as a beautiful girl five times when she used to once.

"Wear a pale blue gown," she says, "and then on your kitten use a white satin ribbon figured in forget-me-nots and you have an effect which cannot be beaten. Or suppose your dress is wine color. Make the ribbon on your cat one of those Persian things that have the wine color tone predominating and you'll make a stunning picture. If you're wearing pure white and your eyes are blue make the cat's ribbon as near the shade of the blue in your eyes as possible. If your eyes are brown the cat should wear a red ribbon, or one of those golden brown shades.

"With the champagne color gown should go a dead white ribbon for the cat. When I want to be particularly dazzling I put on a black lace gown over a white silk and then on my pussy I put a ribbon of white marked off with broad stripes of black. We make a dashing combination, I can tell you. If I'm wearing red pussy wears that peculiar shade of pink which blends so beautifully with red, and it softens my own down so that the men like it, and very few men like a red gown.

"You know we cat lovers used to try to set off our gowns by having pussy on a harmonizing cushion at our side, but it was impossible to make a cushion for every gown, and so this plan of dressing the cat with ribbons has been adopted."

BOOZE OR MEDICINE?

Which will you have? If a woman suffering from one of the delicate ailments peculiar to your sex it will be well for you to know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only remedy advertised for such maladies which is absolutely free from intoxicating liquors and all other harmful agents. The good you feel from its use is not the delusive exhilaration from a tippling beverage, from which the system reacts into a worse condition than before. It may be a little slower in manifesting its bracing and invigorating action, but its benefits are none the less positive and, best of all, they are *lasting*. It's an honest medicine—not a beverage.

"I have been taking your medicine for the last three weeks and can say I am gaining strength," writes Mrs. Seneth Kinny, of 616 East Madison Street, Mount Pleasant, Iowa. "I have been having very poor health all winter. I doctored with our family doctor but was relieved only while taking the medicine. I took Dr. Pierce's medicine several years ago. I knew it was good for any one suffering with female trouble. Have taken only one bottle and am gaining strength very fast. I could not eat nor sleep when I began taking the 'Favorite Prescription.' Heart troubled me and I had cold and numb spells till my heart would almost stop beating. Have had one child since first taking your medicine. If I continue with your treatment am positive I will be cured."

Every suffering woman in this land should write to Dr. Pierce and learn how certainly he can help her to health and strength. It costs nothing to write and receive entirely free the advice of one of the most experienced physicians in this country. His great thousand-page book, the Common Sense Medical Adviser, in stiff paper covers, will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the bare cost of mailing; or, send 31 stamps for cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

These ORIGINAL Little Liver Pills, first put up by old Dr. R. V. Pierce over 40 years ago, have been sold ever since. They are made of purely vegetable, concentrated and refined medicinal principles extracted from native American roots and plants. They speedily relieve and cure "biliousness," disordered Stomachs, Livers and Bowels and their attendant distressful ailments. One or two a laxative, three or four a cathartic.

Don't allow the dealer to insert your intelligence by offering his own pills to you instead of this well-known preparation of Dr. Pierce.

PARSON BRADLEY.

BY JOHN B. SHERIDAN.

[illegible] Sleepfast, they [illegible] the little church [illegible] the hill.

"[illegible] Mrs. Heavell, "[illegible] Green's pasture, his character has been without a blemish."

"Oh, yes, without a blemish, so far as we know. But you and I know that he had no business to be prowling around in the woods with a strange woman, and his wife sick at home."

"It does look strange," said Mrs. Steadfast, "still I shall believe him innocent until he is proved guilty."

The arrival at the church terminated the conversation, and the two ladies [illegible] the auditorium of the little church, where they had often listened to the words [illegible] that fell from the lips of him who was now about to be tried for gross immorality, as set forth in the charges and specifications of old Squintye.

"My friends," said Parson Bradley, as he ascended the pulpit, "we are now ready to proceed with the business for which this meeting has been convened. Deacon Lovewell will now proceed with the prosecution."

"Brothers and sisters," said Deacon Lovewell, "a painful duty has called us together this evening; a duty which requires more than ordinary forbearance and Christian fortitude in this age of vice and crime. And as one who has the welfare of this church at heart, I feel it to be a duty incumbent upon me to lay before you some rumors respecting the character of our venerable pastor. And in order to facilitate matters, I now call upon Brother Hezekiah Squinteye to give evidence in the case now pending against the accused."

"Brothers, sisters and friends," said Brother Squinteye, "a few weeks ago, while traveling over Green's pasture in search of a stray cow, I heard voices issuing from a thicket close by, and in looking in the direction whence the sound emanated, I saw Brother Bradley deeply engaged in conversation with a young and beautiful woman, whose countenance I did not recognize. Fearing that something was wrong, I lay in ambush until Brother Bradley took his departure, which he did in a few minutes thereafter. Now, while I would not willingly charge our pastor with conduct unbecoming a Christian minister, I must confess that I was deeply grieved to see him imprint a kiss upon the cheek of the fair one ere he returned to the parsonage."

"Did he return alone?" asked Lovewell.

"Yes, sir."

"And what direction did the woman take?"

"I do not know, as I immediately started in pursuit of the missing cow."

"Have you mentioned this affair to any person except myself, since the occurrence took place?"

"Yes, I think I have mentioned it to Mrs. Nevertattle, Mrs. Runwell and Mrs. Speakfast."

"Then you must have believed that our pastor has been guilty of some crime, or else you would not give publicity to the matter?"

"I would have it otherwise, but, to tell the truth, I have felt ever since that memorable afternoon that our pastor is not what he ought to be."

"Brother Bradley will now take the stand, and give us his statement in regard to the matter under consideration," said Deacon Lovewell.

"My friends," said the pastor, "30 years ago the Master called me to labor among you, since which time I have tried hard to do my duty as a Christian minister. I have married nearly all of you who are now sitting in judgment upon me; I have followed your loved ones to the cold and silent grave; I have wept with those who wept, and rejoiced with those who rejoiced; and in return you have solaced myself and my aged companion in the hour of bereavement and sorrow.

"Ten weeks ago, when my wife was convalescent, after a long and tedious sickness, she expressed a wish for some strawberries; but as I was too poor to buy them, my daughter Hattie went out to gather some in the pasture, and after a few minutes I rejoined her, and when I had enough to make a mess I returned to the parsonage, while Hattie remained to gather more. Brother Squinteye speaks truly when I kissed the fair one, for when I thought of the loved ones slumbering on the hillside, and of her who alone remained to comfort me in my declining years, a father's love took possession of my heart, and I kissed my child and breathed a prayer for her temporal and spiritual welfare while traveling through this vale of tears. Man may question my right to do this, but the great Searcher of hearts will not condemn the act. My friends, I am done. Words fail to convey the emotions of a troubled soul. My heart is crush—"

The sentence was not finished. Ere the audience reached the platform the spirit of poor old Parson Bradley had taken its flight from earth to Heaven; and amid the tears and lamentations of his parishioners, his corpse was carried back to the parsonage, and the little church on the hill was without a pastor.—N. Y. Weekly.

Ostentatious.

Charity says nothing and saws wood, but philanthropy employs a press agent.—Chicago Daily News.

Grow the World Over.

Mushrooms grow wild all over the world, and are as beautiful in Siberia as in the tropics.

Very True.

No one can recognize his own voice in a phonograph.

The Best Expectorant

Hotel Chalmette, New Orleans, La.
C. N. Crittenton, Esq.,
115 Fulton St., New York.

Dear Sir: I take pleasure in informing you of the following effects: On my recent trip from San Francisco to this place I took a severe cold, which rested on my lungs and ulcerated my throat to such an extent that I began to feel alarmed. At a station on the road bought a bottle of Cough Syrup, which I used [illegible] On my arrival here I bought a [illegible]

"Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar,"

which not only cured my cough, but removed the ulcer from my throat before I had used more than half the bottle.

I regard it as the best expectorant I have ever tried and shall never undertake to experiment with worthless stuff in the future. Yours very truly, A. Leonard Meyer, Immigration Agt. Central Pac. R. R.

The great popularity of this article has caused imitations in name calculated to deceive. Be sure to ask for and obtain "Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar," which may be obtained of any Druggist.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in One Minute.

Popular Scenic Route

BUFFALO AND SUSQUEHANNA

RAILROAD COMPANY.

Condensed Time Table in Effect Oct. 22, 1905.

STATIONS.		Da. Ex. Sun	Da. Ex. Sun	Da. Ex. Sun	Sunday only.
		P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Addison	Lv	5 15	8 15	11 20	5 15
Elkland		5 50	8 50	11 55	5 50
Osceola		5 53	8 53	11 58	5 53
Knoxville		6 04	9 04	12 09	6 04
Cowanesque		6 12	9 12	12 17	6 12
Westfield		6 17	9 17	12 23	6 17
Sabinsville		6 25	9 25	12 30	6 25
Gaines Junc		6 48	9 48	12 53	6 48
Galeton	Ar	7 00	10 00	1 05	7 00
	Lv		10 15	5 05	7 05
Lyman Run			10 27	5 17	7 16
Corbett			10 33	5 23	7 21
Cross Fork Junc			11 00	5 50	7 50
Hull			11 21	6 18	8 11
Wharton			11 45	6 37	8 29
Sinnemahoning			12 25		
Driftwood			12 30		
Medix Run			1 10		
Weedville			1 21		
Tyler			1 28		
Pennfield			1 36		
DuBois			2 00		
Wharton		A.M.	11 45	6 38	8 30
Costello			12 00	6 50	8 44
Austin	Ar		12 15		8 52
	Lv	7 40	1 00	7 00	
Keating Summit		8 50	2 00	7 30	
Wellsville		2 25		8 30	
Genesee		3 50		8 55	
West Bingham		4 01		9 05	
Newfield Junc		4 18		9 23	
Galeton		4 55		10 00	
Cross Fork Junc		6 25		11 05	
Cross Fork		7 10		11 55	
		P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	
Cross Fork		A.M. 6 10	P.M. 4 25	P.M.	P.M.
Cross Fork Junc		7 26	5 40		
Galeton		6 35	1 10		
Newfield Junc		7 13	1 50		
West Bingham		7 32	2 06		
Genesee		7 41	2 15		
Wellsville		8 05	2 40		
Keating Summit			9 20	2 25	7 45
Austin	Ar		10 20	3 25	8 10
	Lv	6 30	10 40	4 50	
Costello		6 36	10 56	5 01	
Wharton		6 48	11 20	5 20	
DuBois				3 00	
Pennfield				3 36	
Tyler				3 44	
Weedville				3 51	
Medix Run				4 05	
Driftwood				4 42	
Sinnemahoning				4 48	
Wharton		6 48		5 34	
Hull		7 00		5 56	
Cross Fork Junc		7 33		6 19	
Corbett		8 00		6 53	
Lyman Run		8 12		6 50	
Galeton	Ar	8 23		7 10	
	Lv	8 30	3 00	7 17	
Gaines Junc		8 42	3 12	7 29	
Sabinsville		9 07	3 37	7 49	
Westfield		9 17	3 47	7 58	
Cowanesque		9 21	3 51	8 02	
Knoxville		9 30	4 01	8 09	
Osceola		9 41	4 11	8 18	
Elkland		9 45	4 15	8 22	
Addison	Ar	10 16	4 46	8 53	
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Additional trains leave Galeton at 8.40 a. m. and 6.05 p. m., arriving at Ansonia at 9.18 a. m. and 6.40 p. m. Returning leave Ansonia at 9.35 a. m. and 6.57 p. m., arriving at Galeton at 10.09 a. m. and 7.41 p. m.

Connections.

At Driftwood with P. R. R.
At Keating Summit with P. R. R. (Buffalo Division) for all points north and south.
At Ansonia with the N. Y. C. & H. R. R. (Pa. Division) for all points north and south.
At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R., Union Station.
At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.
At DuBois with B. R. & P. Ry.
At Addison with Erie R. R., Union Station.
At Wellsville with Erie R. R.
At Sinnemahoning with P. R. R.—Union Station.

W. C. PARK, Gen'l Supt., Galeton, Pa.
M. J. MCMAHON, Div. Pass. Agent, Galeton, Pa.

TRY A BOTTLE OF
SIEGEL'S
PURE MALT
WHISKEY.

It is an absolutely pure, mellow and invigorating stimulant and tonic. Builds up the nerve [illegible] tone up the [illegible], gives power to the brain, strength and electricity to the muscles and richness to the blood.

It is invaluable for overworked men, delicate women and sickly children.

For sale at all leading hotels, or write for our price list.

SIEGEL BROS.,
819 Market St. WILLIAMSPORT PA.

WINDSOR HOTEL,
BETWEEN 12th & 13th ST

THE best trade of any drug store has come [illegible]

It [illegible]

It is the trade won by honest dealing, by fair methods, by good goods, by the kind words of satisfied customers.

[illegible] is to secure lifetime customers. We strive to so treat patrons that each will become a little center of influence in our behalf among his friends. We want your drug trade. We know how to keep it. . . . .

Corner Drug Store FAY F. HOWE

Rexall

REMEDIES

The following Rexall Remedy is appropriate at this season:

Rexall Toilet Soap; like every other Rexall thing, it's "king of all." There is just one Rexall Toilet Soap—the reason of it is—there could not be two bests, and it wouldn't be "Rexall" if it wasn't best. Rexall Soap is delightfully perfumed and made of the finest materials to be had, and no excess of alkali to dry up and wither and wrinkle the skin. When you buy Rexall Toilet Soap you get your value in Soap.

BLATCHLEY & CAMPBELL

WELLSBORO, PA.

LOCAL NOTICES.

DON'T forget to call at M. F. Bailey's for Furniture and Undertaking.

I CAN save you money on Furniture and Undertaking. M. F. BAILEY.

HARNESS of all sizes and descriptions at Gifford & Raish's, corner of Pearl and Crafton streets.—Dec. 14-4t.

HANDSOME new stock of Blankets, Bells, Whips, Robes, etc., just received at Gifford & Raish's.

CALL and see our new stock of Portland Cutters. A large line of Horse Furnishings. GIFFORD & RAISH.

A NEW and complete line of Gent's Furnishings at E. E. Buck's. All the latest novelties for fall and winter wear.

A CAR LOAD of new Portland Cutters just received at the warerooms of Gifford & Raish. Call and look them over before buying. Prices right.—Dec. 14-4t.

LAST opportunity to get photos for 25 and 50 cents per dozen at the Coney Island Gallery in the Scheidweiler block. Don't miss this chance to get good pictures for little money.

FOR SALE.—Two 10-foot and one 8-foot nickle-plated show cases for sale at low prices.

BLATCHLEY & CAMPBELL,
Jan. 4, 1906-3t. Druggists.

The Gazette.

THURSDAY, JAN. 4, 1906.

New Advertisements.

Sheriff's Sales—Edward B. Dorsett, Sheriff
Political Announcement—William H. Milo
Stock and Tools for Sale—R. S. Walbridge.
Notice of Application for License—Edson J. Catlin, Clerk.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

—Week of prayer next week.

—"The Office Boy" next Thursday evening.

—Election of Alert Hose officers this evening.

—There are 95 inmates at the county home.

—J. H. Smith spent Christmas week in Elmira with friends.

—Mrs. Lee English visited relatives at Westfield last week.

—Judge John Ormerod, of Coudersport, was in town Tuesday.

—The GAZETTE and the Buffalo *Daily Times* both one year for $3.00.

—Seats go on sale next Monday morning for "The Office Boy."

—Dr. Fred G. Elliott, of Mansfield, had business in town yesterday.

—The GAZETTE and New York *Tribune Farmer* [illegible]

—Postmaster Daniel Merrick, of Blossburg, was in town yesterday.

—Mack Phelps has purchased the Nordstrom property on Fischler street.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Mitchell visited friends in Lindley, N. Y., last week.

—Max Voelkler, of Williamsport, had railroad business in town last [illegible]day.

—R. T. Pride, of Westfield, had business at the county seat on Tuesday.

—Landlord J. W. Sullivan visited relatives at Addison, N. Y., last Wednesday.

—D. A. Knuttenberg, of Tunkhannock, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. Niles.

—Fay B. Furman succeeds [illegible] Padgett as baggagemaster at the Central station.

—Irvine Focht, of Nadeau, Michigan, is visiting relatives in this place and vicinity.

—Miss Anna Hyer, of Binghamton, N. Y., has been visiting friends in town the past week.

—Miss Mary Shaw, of [illegible], N. Y., is the guest of her brother, Rev. A. C. Shaw, D. D.

—George [illegible] Deming [illegible] has gone to Syracuse, N. [illegible] where he has secured a position.

—Miss Lillian Thurber, of Pittsburg, visited at the home of her brother, William Thurber, last week.

—Charles Grinnell, of Middletown, N. Y., formerly of this borough, is spending a few days in town.

—Edward Rogers, of Corning, formerly of this borough, is spending a few days in town with relatives.

—Mr. and Mrs. George M. Spalding and daughter, Miss Mildred Spalding, spent Christmas week in Buffalo.

—Mr. and Mrs. James A. Pollock, of Slate Run, have been visiting relatives in this vicinity the past week.

—Mrs. Walter Bullard, an aged resident this place, died at her home on Nichols street yesterday afternoon.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. Louis Wilcox are visiting at the home of Mrs. Wilcox's parents at Cross Fork, Potter county.

—Mrs. John Smith and her two children, of Mansfield, are visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. E. B. [illegible]

—Mrs. Prethero, of Troy, and her daughter, Miss Sadie Prethero, of Atlantic City, N. J., are visiting friends in town.

—Mrs. Kathryn Decker, of this borough, and William Mores, of Corning, were married at Addison, N. Y., December 24th.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ross Sheffer, of [illegible] visited relatives and friends in town a few days last week.

—Charles Elliott, son of Dr. F. G. Elliott, of Mansfield, has commenced the study of law in the office of Watrous, Marsh & Channell.

—Messrs. Melvin Goodwin and Wallace McClintock gave an organ and song recital at the Episcopal church on New Years' afternoon.

—The building used as the borough warehouse has been moved from Brewery lane to the vacant lot in rear of the Watrous block.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Metzger, of Elmira, were guests at the home of Mr. Metzger's parents on Purple street the first of the week.

—Earl Brown and Miss Eva Keeney, both of Middlebury, were married last Wednesday at the parsonage of the Free Will Baptist church.

—The Wellsboro Carriage Company was presented by their employes with a New Years' gift in the shape of a whistle for use at the factory.

—Ezra Smith and Mrs. Lucy Morgan, both of Charleston, were married at the First Baptist parsonage on Saturday by Rev. F. W. Reynolds.

—Last Sunday night the warehouse in rear of the Unger block belonging to A. Snowiss was broken into and pelts valued at about $5 were taken.

—John Harry, of Landrus, was brought here last Wednesday and committed to jail. He is charged with assault and battery and making threats.

—The Woman's Home Companion, the Review of Reviews, the Cosmopolitan and the GAZETTE, all four sent for one year for $3.25. Regular price of these publications, $6.50.

—James H. Thompson, editor of the Watkins *Democrat*, was in town last Friday and Saturday calling on friends. Mr. Thompson bears every evidence of being prosperous and happy.

—Miss Loretta Miller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Miller, of [illegible] avenue, is sick with diphtheria at Rochester, N. Y., where she has been employed as saleslady in a department store.

—Subscribers can secure the following magazines with the GAZETTE for one year at *half price*: Woman's Home Companion, Review of Reviews, the Cosmopolitan and the GAZETTE, all four for $3.25. Regular price, $6.50.

—Judge Cameron left last evening for [illegible], where he will hear the arguments [illegible] in the case of County Commissioner Sunderlin who was recently convicted of bribery and misuse of public money.

—Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Spencer have been in New York several days this week on business in conection with the National Protective Legion. Miss [illegible] Ortman has been in charge of Mr. Spencer's office during his absence.

—The rural comedy, "Our New Minister," was presented for the third time at the Auditorium last Saturday evening. The play is full of heart interest as well as good wholesome [illegible] and each character was well taken.

—Mrs. Harry W. Bailey and her two young sons, of Patton, Cambria county, are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Ross. Mr. Bailey, who was here last week with his family, returned to Patton on Saturday.

—Mrs. Joanna Boyce Garman left this morning with Miss Alice Brewster for Baltimore, where they will spend several days before taking their departure [illegible] where they expect to remain for an indefinite time.

—Henry Connelly, who has been employed as [illegible] at the Mason mill for several months, expects to leave this week with his family for Tioga, West Virginia, where he has secured a good position with the Wellsboro Lumber Company.

—Don't fail to see Frank Deshon in "The Office Boy" next Thursday evening. He will be supported by a beauty chorus of sixty. Mr. Deshon will be remembered as the funny little comedian who appeared here last season with "Miss Bob White."

—Arthur C. Padgett, who has been employed as baggage-master and freight agent at this station for several years, has been appointed station agent at Antrim to succeed William R. Cameron, who has resigned. Mr. Cameron has moved his family to this borough and is staying at the home of his parents for the present.

—Joseph Mills was arrested at Ansonia last Friday by Deputy Sheriff Goodspeed. Mills is charged with non-support by his wife, who lives on West Water street. He was arraigned before Justice O. H. Davis and committed to jail to await the action of the next grand jury. Mills has been living at Hornellsville, N. Y., and vicinity for some time.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Fischler, Miss Vivian Fischler and Misses May and Minnie Sticklin attended the wedding of A. Lee Fischler and Miss [illegible] Snyder at Linden, Lycoming county, on New Years' evening. About [illegible] invited guests were present at the reception at the home of the bride's parents. The groom is the adopted son of Mr. and Mrs. John Fischler and is employed at the Central station at Linden.

Death of Mrs. Lewis D. Fay.

Mrs. Nancy Z. Fay, relict of the late Lewis D. Fay, died at her home in this place on Monday morning about 10:30 o'clock, after ten days illness with pneumonia. She was 76 years of age.

Mrs. Fay spent a good portion of her younger days at Bath, N. Y., and in March, 1857, she was married to Lewis D. Fay, then Sheriff of Steuben county. In 1887 they moved to Wellsboro, where Mr. Fay died in August, 1900. Since then Mrs. Fay's home has been with her son, John L., and daughter, Miss Georgia Alice Fay, who survive her. She is also survived by the following step-children: Frank A. Fay and Henry C. Fay, of Bath; Lewis M., of [illegible], and Mrs. John J. Ostrander, of St. Louis, Mo.

The deceased was thoroughly devoted to her home and family and was a loving wife and mother. A brief service was held at the house on Tuesday morning, Rev. W. H. [illegible] officiating, after which the remains were taken to Bath, where the funeral was held yesterday afternoon.

New Health Officer.

State Health Commissioner Dixon has appointed Harry N. Sherwood, Esq., of this borough, as Registrar for the collection of statistics for the State Department of Health for Wellsboro, Delmar, Charleston and Duncan.

Other appointments will be announced soon. Most of the registrars will cover the boroughs in which they reside and also the adjacent townships.

The registrars will receive 25 cents for each birth and death they report. They will also receive 25 cents for each monthly record of no deaths or births for any month. They are entitled to a fee of 50 cents for each disinterment permit issued by them, the fee to be paid by the person receiving the permit.

A Good Appointment.

President Hugh Young, of the Tioga County Savings & Trust Co., of Wellsboro, announces that at a meeting of the board of directors held last Saturday Claude E. Bennett was elected Treasurer of the institution, vice [illegible] resigned. Mr. [illegible] Bath young man, well known [illegible] Corning's social circles, and his appointment is regarded by his local friends as a merited reward of his good work and services in the interest of that institution.—*Corning Leader.*

The above sentiment is heartily endorsed by the many friends of Mr. Bennett in this place. He has proved an adept in banking affairs, or in the terms of the vernacular, a veritable [illegible]

An Amazing Offer.

The GAZETTE is prepared to give its readers [illegible] to take advantage of the greatest [illegible] combination offer it [illegible] magazine is the leader in its class the greatest and best in the world. The three cover the entire magazine field, and are a unique and desirable collection, filling exactly the needs of every American home, and can be had at the following unheard of remarkably low price:

Wellsboro Gazette	$1.50
Woman's Home Companion	1.00
The Review of Reviews	3.00
The Cosmopolitan	1.00
[illegible] of all four	$6.50

All four [illegible] for one year for $3.25.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

[illegible] of Local Events and Happenings [illegible] Week.

—Lack of snow is hurting winter [illegible]

—The stores in Westfield now close at 8 p. m.

—Miss Ruby Merritt and Loren Beers were married at Nelson yesterday.

—A Coudersport woman presented her husband with a 22-pound son one day last week.

—Z. Paul Gardner and Miss Hattie M. Briggs, both of Westfield, were married in Corning last Saturday.

—Keith Day and Miss Grace Warner, both of Middlebury, were married at Keeneyville last week Tuesday.

—Delos G. Owlett and Miss Anna Ladd, both of Chatham, were married at Addison, N. Y., last Wednesday.

—William Kizer, of Deerfield, and Miss Fannie Pratt, of Elkland, were married in Lindley last Wednesday.

—Dr. W. R. Francis, a former well-known resident [illegible], died at his home in Marion, Ind., last Thursday.

—Isaac Hilfiger, of Sullivan, and Miss Hattie Bigsby, of Bradford Pa., were married in Lindley last Wednesday.

—Mather Hocum, of Corning, and Miss Minnie Kinner, of Nelson, were married in Corning last week Tuesday evening.

—Howard Lovejoy and Miss Ethel Crance, both of Tioga, were married at the M. E. parsonage in Lindley on Christmas.

—Charles B. Lugg, a well-known tobacco grower of Nelson, sold his last season's crop, grown on eight acres, for $1806.

—George Donovan, of Elkland, and Miss Mayme George, of Austinburg, were married last Wednesday at the home of the bride.

—Maynard Davis and bride, of Little Marsh, have returned from a visit with relatives at Waterloo, Rochester and Geneva, N. Y.

—Arthur L. Catlin and Miss Fanny L. Lester, both of Charleston, were married at the home of the bride last Thursday evening.

—The Galeton *Democrat* declares at its masthead that it is "An Independent Newspaper With a Mission and Without a Muzzle."

—Samuel M. Rowley, of Mills, Potter county, and Miss Lottie E. Hoyt, of Nelson, were married at Painted Post, N. Y., last Wednesday.

—Miss Lena Whittaker, of Jackson Summit, and Avery Drake, of Southport Corners, N. Y., were married in Elmira last Sunday morning.

—The Lawrenceville cut glass factory is being enlarged by the addition of another building, which will accommodate 30 more workmen.

—Spencer Mather, Jr., of Addison Hill, N. Y., and Miss Lena Baker, of Knoxville, were married at Addison Hill on Monday. They will reside at Knoxville.

—Between 50 and 60 tons of tobacco were shipped from Nelson station in one week recently. Thirteen cents per pound was the average price paid for the weed.

—Charles W. Yaudes and Cora J. Antes, both of Liberty, were married at the parsonage of St. Paul's United Evangelical church in Williamsport last Wednesday evening.

—The Woman's Home Companion, the Review of Reviews, the Cosmopolitan and the GAZETTE, all four sent for one year for $3.25. Regular price of these publications, $6.50.

—Perry Short, who has been a tenant on the Niles farm at Niles Valley for several years, has rented the Oliver Bacon farm in Delmar and took possession on Tuesday.

—Last Wednesday at the home of the bride's mother James H. Miller and Miss Harriet E. Corwin, both of Millerton, were united in marriage. They will reside in Lawrenceville.

—Mrs. Margaret Murray, an aged lady of Arnot, was found dead in bed last Sunday morning. She was the mother of Joseph Murray, late Democratic candidate for County Commissioner.

—When the public schools at Lock Haven opened on Tuesday the new vaccination law was strictly enforced, and as a result out of about 1200 pupils enrolled throughout the city, nearly 600 were refused admission.

—A company of Potter county capitalists has been organized to operate a graphite mine in North Carolina. The company has been capitalized at $500,000. The vein of the mine is said to be three miles long and twenty-[illegible] feet deep.

—In speaking of a former well-known resident of Middlebury Center, the Watkins *Express* says: "E. B. Mills is railroading now in the State of Washington, but we fancy, from what we hear, that he likes the Eastern country better than the West."

—The Watkins *Express* says that the Baptist church of that place by a unanimous vote has extended a call to Rev. O. B. Kinney, of Covington, to the pastorate. Mr. Kinney has signified his acceptance and expects to enter upon his duties in the near future.

—The Hon. William H. Berry, the present mayor of Chester, and State Treasurer-elect, will be the guest of honor at the Jackson day banquet of the Young Men's Democratic club of Williamsport. He will respond to the toast, "The Democracy of Pennsylvania."

—W. H. Milo, of Knoxville, is the [illegible] as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Tioga county on the Republican ticket. His announcement will be found in the proper column. Mr. Milo [illegible] that he is positively in the race until the close of the campaign.

—[illegible] at his home, [illegible] united in marriage Miss D. [illegible] of Mainesburg, and Philip W. Varney, of East Charleston. Later Miss Ellen Bartlett, of Mainesburg, and Leonard R. Saterlee, of Wellsboro, were married by the same clergyman.

—The annual Masonic ball at Westfield last Friday was very largely attended and was one of the most brilliant social events of the season. A correspondens in writing of the affair says: "The fame of the ball has penetrated outside of the county and State and many cities and towns send a quota of guests each year."

—Lee J. Baird, of Dalton, Georgia, and Miss Lucia Copp, of Elkland, were married at Addison Hill on New Years. A correspondent says that the groom arrived in Elkland last Saturday evening from Dalton, a distance of 1,400 miles, to see his sweetheart and it was then that arrangements for their marriage were hurriedly perfected.

—Ver Cook, a young man of East Troupsburg, Steuben county, committed suicide at his home on Monday afternoon by drinking carbolic acid. He became despondent because of a petty quarrel with some members of his family. Before taking the fatal dose he telephoned farewell to a neighbor's daughter, to whom he had been paying attention. He was 23 years of age.

—Crooked Creek Grange, No. [illegible] has elected the following officers: Master, Milford Smith; Overseer, Newell Webster; Steward, Calvin Goodwin; Lecturer, V. W. [illegible]; Secretary, Ida Bryant; Treasurer, Richard Whitney; Assistant Stewards, Nellie Dickinson and Leonard Duell; Organist, Nellie Dickinson; Ceres, Martie Cummins; Flora, Minnie Hotchkiss.

—The stage route between Wellsboro and Mansfield will be discontinued February 5th. Bids are being advertised for a stage route between Mansfield and East Charleston, daily except Sundays, starting from East Charleston and returning. All mail for [illegible] and East Charleston will be sent by way of Mansfield after the change is made, and all Wellsboro mail will go around by train.

ANOTHER FIRE IN CHATHAM.

The Large Farm House of Butler Cloos Burned—A Golden Wedding.

LITTLE MARSH, Jan. 3.—This township has been visited by another fire, the second within a few days. The large farm house of Butler Cloos, about one mile northwest of this place, was entirely destroyed yesterday morning about 10 o'clock. The fire originated on the second floor and nothing was saved from that part of the building. The goods on the first floor were all taken out. Through hard work the adjoining building were saved from being destroyed.

The funeral of William Ordway, whose death was mentioned in the last issue of the GAZETTE, was held last Wednesday and was very largely attended. Among those from out of town who attended the services were the following: L. W. Rice, of Sabinsville; Mrs. E. J. Schoonmaker, of Galeton; Mr. and Mrs. Ira Mourey, of Farmington; Mrs. M. Short and Mr. and Mrs. Ed. West and daughter, of French Hill; Joseph and George Wilson, of Corning.

Miss Mamie Cloos, of the Mansfield Normal, spent the past week here with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hawley, of Middlebury, were Sunday guests at the home of C. W. Love.

Mrs. T. E. Roberts and her little son are visiting her sister, Mrs. A. L. Feltwell, of Altoona.

The 50th anniversary or golden wedding of Mr. and J. W. Burley was observed on New Years by a pleasant gathering at their home of their children and their families together with other relatives.

The daughter of the late William Ordway has gone to Galeton for a visit with her aunt, Mrs. Schoonmaker.

An old-fashioned watch meeting was held at the church on Sunday evening. Rev. F. C. House and Rev. J. W. Ingerick both preached excellent sermons.

W. O. Merrick has been confined to the house the past two weeks by illness.

Death of Former Middlebury Lady.

FRENCH HILL, Jan. 3.—One day last week Mrs. Maggie Stevens received the sad news announcing the death of her daughter, Mrs. Ray Eckerson, in Arizona, of pneumonia. Mrs. Eckerson will be remembered here as Miss Alice Stevens. Since her marriage with Rev. Ray Eckerson, several years ago, she has traveled from place to place as the lot of a Methodist minister's wife. At one time Rev. Ray Eckerson and wife were stationed on the Nelson charge. The deceased is survived by her husband and one child about four years of age. The remains arrived at Nelson last Monday and funeral services were held on Tuesday. Interment in the cemetery at that place.

N. E. French is visiting friends in Potter county.

W. C. Monks, of Montebello, Canada, is spending a few weeks here with his mother. He will return to [illegible] in about three weeks.

Rufus French, of the Elmira Commercial College, was home for the holidays.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY VIRTUE of writs of [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] 70 perches to a post; thence by lands surveyed for Luman Plumley south 123 [illegible] the Warrant line; thence by the Warrant line west 70 perches [illegible] by Pontus Wilson north [illegible] to the place of beginning; containing 53.8 acres [illegible] part of Warrant [illegible] grantee, [illegible] and Cordelia, [illegible] by deed [illegible] 1880, recorded [illegible] 270, of the [illegible] the same [illegible] and wife to [illegible] January 1, [illegible] 41, at page [illegible] county; all improved [illegible] house with [illegible] barns with sheds [illegible] and other outbuildings, [illegible] and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of A. H. Playfoot, suit of [illegible] K. Boyce, use of Joanna Boyce, now [illegible] Garman.

3. ALSO—A lot of land in Tioga township; bounded north by that certain lot known as the Reuben Brown lot, east by a lot known as the Truax lot, south by the line of the Elkhorn road, as originally laid, and west by a lot known as the William [illegible] lot, now in possession of Wm. B. Gee; containing 45.7 acres, more or less, and being the same lot purchased by said George S. Gardiner of Thomas Hills and Henrietta Hills et al., by deed dated December 27, 1886, and recorded in Deed Book No. 82, page 376, etc. Improved, with a framed dwelling house, with kitchen attached and a wood-shed attached, a [illegible] watered. To be sold as the property of Geo. S. Gardiner, suit of Mary M. Miller.

EDWARD B. DORSETT,
January 4, 1906. Sheriff.

NOTICE [illegible]

[illegible] Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Tioga, on THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1906, at 2 o'clock p. m., when all persons interested may attend if they think proper:

RETAIL.

2. Frank S. Dunkle, Wellsboro.
3. John M. Gillespie, Blackwells, Morris township.
4. J. W. Sullivan, Wellsboro.
5. John F. Dwyer, Duncan, at Antrim.
6. E. D. Wagner, Nauvoo, Liberty township.
7. Walter T. Wilkinson, Wellsboro.
8. Anson S. Burt, Elkland.
9. Celestia M. Adams, Knoxville.
10. John F. Keefe, Blossburg.
11. William C. Lienhardt, Blossburg.
12. [illegible], Wellsboro.
13. [illegible], Knoxville.
14. [illegible]
15. George [illegible], Morris township.
16. John Curtin, Morris township
17. E. George Joseph, Nelson borough.
18. W. R. Coles, Wellsboro.
19. E. A. Kennedy, Westfield.
20. Savilla J. Herman, Blossburg.
21. Wm. F. O'Donnell, Blossburg.
23. Harvey A. Lawrence, Ogdensburg, Union township.
24. Grant Sebring, Liberty borough.
25. George W. Sheffer, Blossburg.
26. Asa Hill, Westfield.
27. E. M. Atwell, Gaines.
28. Richard D. Crell, Tioga township.
29. A. Harry Rhodes, Elkland.
30. Isaac F. Black, Morris township.
31. Christopher H. Portz, Morris township.
32. William H. Andrews, Millerton, Jackson township.
34. L. W. Rice, Sabinsville, Clymer township.
35. Ira L. Price, Lawrenceville.
36. F. G. Manning, Potter Brook, Westfield township.
38. Benjamin T. Walker, Ansonia, Shippen township.
39. Alfred Semsey, Liberty borough.
40. Edwin L. Pettibone, Tioga borough.
41. E. O. Watkins, Covington borough.

WHOLESALE.

1. Louis Nearing, Hamilton township.
22. J. D. Conners, Blossburg.
33. Robert R. Darti, Blossburg.
37. Newell R. White, Wellsboro.

EDSON J. CATLIN,
January [illegible], 1906-4t. Clerk.

A BANK FOR ALL THE PEOPLE

No money comes easier than interest money, when you once have made a start. It does not require a large amount to begin with. We will pay three and one-half per cent. interest on amounts of one dollar and upwards. There are no vacation periods with interest; it keeps right on working for you days, nights, Sundays and holidays. Better begin now; deposit whatever you can spare, add to it whenever possible and in time your success is assured. We will welcome your account, large or small.

Tioga County Savings & Trust Co.

THURSDAY EVE'G, JAN. 11th.

Nixon & Zimmerman Operas Company present for the first time ever in Wellsboro, Smith & Englander's Hilarious Musical Comedy,

The Office Boy

Introducing as a star everybody's favorite

THE LITTLE GIANT OF COMEDY. FRANK DESHON Funny, Frivolous —Fascinating

AND HIS BRILLIANT BEAUTY CHORUS OF SIXTY.

A perfect revelation of feminine scrumptiousness that can sing, dance and cut-up.

THE REAL EVENT OF THE YEAR

PRICES 35, 50, 75c., $1.00, $1.50. Seats on sale Monday. NO FREE LIST.

FLOUR CHEAPER

King's Best, $1.35 per sack.
Pure Gold, $1.25 per sack.
Dandy, $1.15 per sack.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN

Wellsboro Roller Mills & Wellsboro Feed Store

C. L. BABCOCK, [illegible].

September 14, 1905. [illegible] PHONES.

The Gazette.
WELLSBORO, PA.
THURSDAY, JAN. 4, 1906.

FRANK CONEVERY, [illegible]

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT:

The following named person is announced as a candidate for the office specified below, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of Tioga county at the primary election:

FOR SHERIFF,
[illegible]

At a meeting of the executive committee and many other prominent members of the Lincoln party in Philadelphia last week it was decided to continue the war against the "regular" machine. Several of the conference speakers developed quite a boom for ex-Senator Lewis Emery, of Bradford, as a gubernatorial candidate, but the gathering gave no dictation in the matter of the State convention, which the Lincoln party will hold in due time. A dispatch says: "Major George W. Merrick, of Tioga, a veteran of 30 years' fighting, gave warning against "the followers now lying on their backs looking at the stars."

In commenting editorially on the conviction of County Commissioner Sunderlin, of Potter county, the Coudersport *Enterprise* says "Two principal facts were relied upon by the prosecution to secure a conviction, upon the second count of the indictment against Commissioner Sunderlin, namely. That the Commissioners of Tioga county bought bridges very much cheaper than was paid by the Potter county Commissioners for the Oleona bridge, and that $1,000 of the $1,680 paid for the Oleona bridge was paid by check direct to J M Whitley, the bridge agent, and that Whitley drew the money on the check before leaving Coudersport. It was also shown by the records that the contract was let three days before the confirmation of the order by the Court."

TIOGA'S REAL ESTATE.

Recent Transfers of Property in Tioga County.

(Continued from first page.)

Covington twp—Wm H Cleveland Sadie Love, 6 acres, $120

Lawrence—Mary Tilford et al to Leon Tilford, 70.9 acres, $850.

Chatham—Oscar Nelson to Clifton A. Davis, 25 acres, $625

Delmar—Albert H Torpy to Wm M. Torpy, 127 acres, $1,080.

Wellsboro—John N VanValkner to Burton O. VanValkner, 26½ acres, $100.

Middlebury—Wm Kimball to A W Downing, 15 acres, $120.

Knoxville—S G Crandall to Emma E. Spencer, lot, $500

Mansfield—Andrew Sherwood to M. W. Burton, lot, $10.

Lawrence—C. A Inscho to M W Burton, 9 acres, $200.

Knoxville—L H. Scoville to Hiram Costley, lot, $87 20

Jackson—Martha Strock to Avery J. Drake, lot, $35

Nelson—Katie M Hall to Nellie G Phillips, lot, $700

Wellsboro—Fred H Johnson to Nelbe Bache Graves, lot, $50

Gaines—E M Atwell to William J Carriel, lot, $250.

Knoxville Cora J Johnson to Chas H. Price, ⅓ acre, $1,900

Lawrence—David H Ryan to C P Horton et al, 61 acres, $2,600

Clymer—Palmer Briggs to H A Knowlton, 55 acres, $1,500

Middlebury—Harriet P Roe et al to C. Walton Sheldon, 1 acre, $1 100

Richmond—Irvin A Rounsville to Frederick J Rounsville, 50 acres, $275.

Mansfield—Jesse Welton Smith to Anna F. Reese, lot, $600

Chatham—Lorenzo King to Ada E King, 80 acres, $100

[illegible] Welch to Stephen W. Bryant, lot, $300.

Middlebury—Percival D. Walley to N. E. Bryant, 100 acres, $800.

Middlebury—Emerson D. Colestock and wife to N. E. Bryant, 100 acres, $250.

Charleston—Chas. S. Ross to Francis J. Clemons, 70 acres, $1,000.

Charleston—Samuel A. Clemons to Francis J. Clemons, 25 acres, $1.00.

Charleston—Francis I. Clemons to Samuel A. Clemons, 25 acres, $1.00

Richmond—John Lounsbury and wife to Wilbert W. Cleveland et al., [illegible]

Lawrenceville—Burton L. Fletcher and wife to Merritt B. Brown, lot, $1,200.

Another Big Log.

In a recent issue of the GAZETTE there was an item about the biggest log that had been skidded in Potter county in years. E. A. Whitney, of Odin, tells of one nearly twice as large, and sets a new mark. Instead of twelve feet in circumference, Mr. Whitney's tree was twenty-one feet, and from it five twelve-feet logs were taken which skidded 5,000 feet. It [illegible] for some one who knows of a bigger one to speak up

[illegible] by $1.50 in adv [illegible]

REVOLT IS SUPPRESSED

Failure of Russian "Reds" to Overthrow the Government.

Death of Charles T. Yerkes and William Purcell—Indicted For Rebating—General Bingham Police Commissioner—Exchange of Railroad Tickets—Balance From State Fair.

The suppression of revolt at Moscow and the certainty that similar uprisings elsewhere will be crushed mark the collapse of the first attempt of the 'reds' to overthrow the government and administers a defeat from which it is not believed in government circles the revolutionaries can quickly recover.

Now that the smoke of battle is clearing away, the utter hopelessness of the conflict seems to be apparent. The populace held aloof and not a single military unit actually joined the revolutionaries Even the general strike crumbled under their feet by their challenging and precipitating a conflict before the proletariat organizations were prepared

The government secured a comparatively easy though ruthless victory, and it is believed in high official circles that the organizations have been so demoralized and disrupted by the blow and by the arrest of their most able leaders that it will be impossible for them to attempt the coup planned for the anniversary of "bloody Sunday."

The country has quieted down and he cabinet now hopes that the selections to the douma are assured and that the government can devote its time to the suppression of the revolt in the Baltic provinces and more especially to the solution of the agrarian question

Firemen In a Railroad Wreck.

There was a bad fire at the little village of Bergen on New Year's day and the fire apparatus at hand proved inadequate to handle it Help was asked of the volunteer department of Batavia and a special train was made up and about 60 men were taken to that place

About 8 30 o'clock the men from Batavia boarded the train for the return trip It was made up of a passenger car flat car and locomotive The men were all in the passenger coach, which was being shifted from one track to another when it was struck by a fast freight going east on track four

The coach was turned bottomside up and many of the firemen were injured Two locomotives and a number of cars were piled up in the wreck, which blocked all four tracks

The total number of injured who received treatment numbered 25 Eight were severely injured and of these two George Hallenbeck and Frank Romanski are in a serious condition

General Bingham Succeeds McAdoo.

Mayor McClellan announced his city appointments to take effect at the beginning of his new term

While the mayor has reappointed several officials prominent in his present administration most of the important offices have been filled by the designation of new men

Probably the most important of these is the police commissionership, which the mayor announced had been accepted by Brigadier General Theodore A Bingham U S A retired, who was at the city hall yesterday to consult with Mr McClellan

General Bingham although still a young man was retired recently for disability having lost a leg by the fall of a derrick while engaged in government engineering work at Buffalo He succeeds William McAdoo at the head of the police department.

Printers' Strike Becomes General.

For the first time in the International Typographical union's history, a general strike went into effect Tuesday in every shop in the United States and Canada where the employer refuses to grant an eight hour work day

With a fund in the treasury of more than a quarter of a million dollars obtained by assessment on every union printer a determined effort is to be made to establish the eight hour day universally Out of the 6 1) members of Typographical Union No 6 in New York it was estimated that fewer than [illegible] were obliged to strike

Union officials said that many New York firms had agreed to the eight our day

Letters In Patrick's Behalf

Governor Higgins said he had received a letter from Dr. A. M. Hamilton of New York in which the well known alienist asked for executive clemency for Albert T. Patrick, the New York lawyer who is now in Sing Sing awaiting execution for the alleged murder of William Marsh Rice, the aged millionaire "The grounds on which Dr Hamilton has asked me to interfere," said Governor Higgins, "are first, that he believes there is no proper evidence that Mr. Rice's death came from unnatural causes, and, secondly, that no confidence should be placed in the testimony of Jones, the valet, owing to his conflicting stories." Governor Higgins said he had received other letters from people who were interested in Patrick's behalf.

Death of Editor William Purcell.

William Purcell for many years editor of the Rochester Union and Advertiser, died on Wednesday evening. He had not been actively engaged in newspaper work since 1900.

Mr Purcell was born in Fort Covington, Franklin county, N. Y., Aug 15, 1830. His parents removed to this city when he was [illegible] and he had since made his home here. He worked as carrier boy for the Daily Advertiser, and later on [illegible] and learned the printer's trade [illegible]

[illegible] in 1852 and when it was consolidated with The Advertiser in 1856 he was made assistant editor. He [illegible]

been a delegate to three Democratic [illegible]

Railroad Indicted For Rebating.

The federal grand jury [illegible] has returned an indictment against the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, Darius Miller, first vice president, and C G Burnham, foreign freight agent, on the charge of granting railroad rebates

The indictment charges that the rebates were all granted to the United States Steel Products company of New York, a subsidiary company to the United States Steel corporation. [illegible] The indictment alleges rebates were paid were made from Elwood, Ind; Martins Ferry, Ohio, Pittsburg, Pa., New Castle, Pa Cleveland, Ohio and Joliet, Ill., to Vancouver, B. C Twenty six separate offenses are charged

Drydock Dewey Started on Long Trip.

The gigantic drydock Dewey made an auspicious start Thursday from Annapolis Md on its 14 000 mile trip to the Philippine islands under the direction of Commander H H Hosley, U S N The start was made at 2 05 p. m and at 6 o'clock the lights on the dock could be seen at a distance of eight or nine miles below Solomon's island Three vessels in tandem are towing the Dewey Next to the dock is the collier Brutus then the collier Caesar and in front is the tug Potomac Commander Hosley will have his quarters on the Glacier the supply boat which will accompany the dock and its attendants

Exchange of Railroad Tickets.

The right to sign another man's name to a railroad ticket which has been sold by one passenger to another was affirmed by the supreme court last week in New York This decision which is one of the first of its kind, sets a precedent in the exchange of railroad tickets which affects thousands of passengers

Justice Leventritt held that the mere sale of the ticket carried with it the purchaser's right to sign to it the name of the man from whom he bought it.

Movement For Football Reform.

A movement towards reforming the game of football in the colleges and universities of America was begun when the representatives of some 68 institutions of learning agreed to act together in securing the adoption of rules and an enforcement of them which will materially lessen the danger to players will do away with mass formations and secure permanent officials for intercollegiate contests

Low Salaries In Postoffices.

In his report First Assistant Postmaster General Hitchcock says the low salaries paid clerks in first and second class postoffices is decreasing the standard of efficiency It is impossible he says to induce efficient men to enter this branch of the service with the salary to begin with but $600 a year with no certainty of promotion for perhaps several years

The President's Reception

At the New Year's reception at the White House on Monday 9 052 people shook the president's hand Last year 7 135 were received Mrs Roosevelt remained until the end of the reception A feature of the public reception was the large number of children who passed the receiving line

Death of Charles T Yerkes

Charles T Yerkes the noted railway financier of Chicago and London died on Friday in New York in his apartments at the Waldorf Astoria hotel where he had been ill for more than six weeks Mr Yerkes suffered from a complication of diseases, growing out of a severe cold which he contracted in London early in the fall

Hamilton Makes No Accounting.

Andrew Hamilton the legislative agent for the New York Life Insurance company now in Paris who according to testimony has been entrusted with hundreds of thousands of dollars by that company and has not accounted for $235 000 has been heard from by the legislative committee but has declined to make an accounting

Balance of $28,000 From State Fair

The New York state fair commission [illegible] of the year. The commission reports the fair this year paid all current expenses and a balance of about $28,000 will be turned over to the state treasurer. The state fair will probably be held next year in the week beginning Sept. 10th

Improvements In State Hospitals.

The state lunacy commission of New York state has approved plans for improvements in the institutions at [illegible], Rochester, Willard and Gowanda involving an expenditure of about $40,000. Of this amount about [illegible] will be used at the latter institution

Aged Woman's Awful Deed.

Erie, Pa., Jan. 3.—A horrible murder and suicide that probably took place late Saturday night at a lonely farmhouse near East Springfield, 15 miles west of here, was reported to the county officials. Detective Frank Watson learned that Elizabeth Mabsell, aged 75, had shot and killed her sister, Deborah, two years younger [illegible] and turned the gun upon herself, blowing out her brains. The bodies were discovered by a brother, who had just returned [illegible] home in Michigan [illegible] condition and [illegible] to have [illegible] who apparently executed the terrible affair.

Spurious American Antiques.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Professor William H. Holmes, archaeologist of the Smithsonian institution, has discovered that many of the specimens in the collection of American antiques in the institution collection were made [illegible] in the city of Mexico [illegible] ancient Mexican pottery. Most of the spurious articles were prepared by artists, who probably thought they [illegible]

FROZEN AND MAIMED.

[illegible]

Pittsburg, Jan. 2.—Struck by an automobile, thrown over into a stone quarry, where he lay almost all night unconscious in the cold, George R. McCormick, aged 21, of 2002 Bedford avenue, is now in the West Penn hospital in a dying condition. [illegible] mystery surrounds the case.

McCormick, who is secretary to the general freight agent of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, [illegible] About midnight he started to accompany a young woman to her home in the Highland Park district He left her at her home and started along the Morningside road to go [illegible] to catch a car This was about 1 o'clock in the morning

Shortly after daylight Sunday morning Andrew Lunger of 4552 Carroll street found McCormick lying unconscious in Weber's stone quarry along the Morningside road He sent word to the Forty-third street police station and the patrol wagon responded

At the West Penn hospital it was found he was suffering from internal injuries, his left wrist was broken, his left side crushed, several [illegible] knocked out and both hands and both feet badly frozen

While his injuries were being dressed McCormick regained consciousness and said that while walking along the road he had been run into by an automobile The bottom of the stone quarry is about 60 feet [illegible] the road and he asserted the automobile knocked him into the quarry.

610 KILLED IN MINES.

The Non Fatal Accidents In the Anthracite Field Number 1,500.

Pottsville, Jan 2—The year's record of fatal accidents in the anthracite region totals up 610 killed, in and about the mines The men thus killed left behind them 145 widows and 480 orphans The non fatal accidents will number about 1500 The death rate this year has been largely increased by a series of accidents caused by cages loaded with miners falling down shafts

The falling of top rock or coal was the most prolific cause of the fatal accidents there being over 200 deaths from this cause alone

The fact that the number of mine inspectors have been doubled by the state legislature in order to have the laws for the protection of miners more strictly enforced has not yet lowered the death rate, although the inspectors claim that the unusually steady work of the past two years is the cause of the big mortality list and the proportion of fatal accidents shows a big decrease in comparison with the amount of coal mined

To Fight Pretty Widow's Suit.

Pittsburg Jan 2—Gibson B Packer former office counsel for the Carnegie Steel company and a member of the Carnegie Veterans association, filed a plea of no indebtedness in the suit against him for $100 000 for alleged breach of promise to marry by Mrs Mary I Vetter a handsome young widow Although there are plenty of rumors that the case will never come to trial and that Mr Packer will listen to the advice of his friends and make a settlement the action taken by the defense is taken to indicate that Mr Packer has decided to fight the suit in court

$40 000 Won on Cock Fight.

Cleveland Jan 2—One of the biggest cockfights ever held in this section was pulled off in South Brooklyn a suburb early Sunday morning and about $40 000 changed hands It was a fight between 40 Ohio and Pittsburg birds of the Dublin strain against 40 Watson birds of Windsor, Canada, and was attended by 1,000 people from the city of Pittsburg, Chicago, Detroit and other points The Canadian birds lost the fight which was for $500 and the gate receipts After the main there were hack mains and much money changed hands on these

Woman Knocks Out a Burglar.

Wilkes Barre Jan 2—When a burglar entered the home of Mrs Evan Griffith Saturday evening Mrs Griffith picked up a fruit dish and threw it at the intruder It struck him in the face and knocked him to the floor Mrs Griffith's father and uncle who were upstairs hurried to Mrs Griffith's assistance and finally overpowered the burglar and turned him over to the police

Aged 104 and Farms.

[illegible] at the age of 104 [illegible] Spicer, colored [illegible] health is as good as it was half a century ago When 14 years old he attended a log cabin school at Lisbon, O He established an express business in Wellsville 80 years ago and is now wealthy He never lived in the South His wife is 75 years old

He Fails to Elope.

Youngstown, O., Jan 2—Miss Rosie [illegible], aged 20, asked the police to [illegible] to elope with her but didn't She said he was a clerk who had been here but six weeks They were to have met at the Erie station to go to Chicago [illegible] her clothes to put in his trunk, she says, but he failed to meet her.

Thirty Nearly Asphyxiated.

Zanesville, O., Jan 3.—About 30 young people of the Fultonham Baptist church barely escaped asphyxiation while attending a New Year's watch meeting Several of them were kept alive by artificial respiration only and the life of Miss Bessie Dady is still in danger Two large gas stoves are used for heating purposes, and fumes from these caused the mishap Children started to faint first, and a panic followed.

My Hair is Extra Long

Feed your hair; nourish it; give it something to live on. Then it will stop falling, and will grow long and heavy. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the only genuine hair-food you can buy. It gives new life to the hair-bulbs. You save what hair you have, and get more, too. And it keeps the scalp clean and healthy.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.
Ayer's

A Positive CURE
CATARRH
Ely's Cream Balm
is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes heals and protects the diseased membrane It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell Full size 50 cts, at Druggists or by mail, Trial Size 10 cts by mail Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.
HAY FEVER

SPECIALTIES.

FURS.

A small line but am selling at exceptionally low prices It will pay you to examine before purchasing.

SEPARATE SKIRTS.

A good sized line in broken sizes, closing out from $2 50 to $3 50.

KATHERINE ROBINSON,
ODD FELLOWS' BLOCK, MAIN ST., WELLSBORO, PA.

Stock and Tools for Sale.

[illegible] LIVE STOCK and Farming Implements on the farm of R S Walbridge in [illegible] The stock [illegible] young cattle also a [illegible] lot of farming tools

Jan 4-4t R S WALBRIDGE. Tiadaghton Pa R F D No 1.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
[illegible] Bladder Right

FIRST-CLASS HEATERS
at Department Store Prices.

You have heard of the "Silver Oak" Heaters. Their fame is almost world wide. Made in Rochester and burn either wood or soft coal. "OAKS" are the lasting, durable, ready to go kind. We have an invoice and have priced them to go at Department Store figures, although they are not Department Store goods by a long shot. Better brands.

19-inch Oak	$8.00
15-inch Oak	9.50
17-inch Oak	10.50
10-inch Oak	11.50

There is positively no excuse for your not keeping warm this winter at those prices

ROBERTS, GARDNER & CO.,
[illegible] Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

STORE CLOSES DAILY, 6 P. M. SATURDAYS [illegible]

Great Reductions on Ladies' Furs

Our Furs, were	reduced to
.85	.60
$1.00	.75
1.35	$1.00
2.00	1.50
2.50	1.90
3.00	2.00
3.50	2.50
4.75	3.50
5.00	3.75
5.50	4.00
6.00	4.50
6.75	5.00
9.00	7.00
10.00	7.50
[illegible]	[illegible]
13.00	9.50
17.00	13.50
18.00	14.00
20.00	15.50

These prices on Bernkopf Furs speak for themselves.

Reduced prices also on Ladies' Coats, Suits and Skirts. A chance to make a great saving.

Max Bernkopf & Bro
WELLSBORO'S LEADING DEPARTMENT STORE

THE MODEL DRY GOODS

LOOK out for our usual . . . .

Semi-Annual Clearance Sale!

advertised in next week's papers: Sale will begin Saturday morning, Jan. 13th, and last until Saturday Evening, Jan. 20th.

FINKELSTEIN BROTHERS.

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

Make Your Hair Grow [illegible]

IMMACULATE HANDS

SCHOOLGIRL SHOULD STRIVE FOR THIS INTERESTING IDEAL.

Housework Will Not Harm the Hands in the Least—The Value of Soap of Good Quality—Tight Gloves Exaggerate the Size of the Hand—How to Use the Manicure Set—How to Remove Stains—Avoid the "Fashionable Hand-Shake"—The Cordial Hand-Clasp Better Than the Kiss.

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.
(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

A pretty hand is desired by every girl.

What is a pretty hand? I suppose we shall agree that it is one which is white and dimpled, with rosy finger tips, nice nails and small joints. Large, obtrusive knuckles, hands that are too thick and pudgy, or too thin and scrawny to be symmetrical, are not precisely beautiful. But so far as the size and shape of our hands are concerned, we have to take them as they come. We are born with the hands of our ancestry, but the care of the hands is our own, and has far more to do with keeping them beautiful than some people think. I am as our faces do, and I think the manner of using them and the general neatness or slovenliness which their owners impose upon them, are apt to be revelations of the inward life.

For instance, there is Amy, a restless, nervous and excitable girl, whose hands are never still a minute when she is awake. She is always clasping and unclasping them, taking up books and laying them down, fussing with her hair or her dress, and showing in unmistakable ways that she has no basis of quietude in her own nature. There is Lucy, who cannot sit beside a friend without possessing herself of the friend's hand, squeezing it and fondling it as one strokes a kitten, and near Lucy sits Fannie, with a yet more objectionable habit of handling everything she sees; objects of art, curios, fans, or other delicate things in other people's houses, or in the shops, articles meant to be looked at, but not intended to be touched. Fannie's way is sure to render her persona non grata wherever she goes.

* * * * *

George Eliot, describing Dorothea in Middlemarch, says: "Her hand and wrist were so finely formed that she could wear sleeves not less bare of style than those in which the blessed Virgin appeared to Italian painters."

If you look at some favorite picture of the Madonna, by Raphael, you will see the sort of hand that Dorothea had. Such hands can lie peacefully crossed in one's lap, or, if busy with the pen or the needle, they still retain their feeling of calmness.

"It was all very well for Dorothea to have had those statuesque hands," exclaims Marjorie, "but just fancy that she had been in my case, and had dishes to wash, beds to make, and sometimes pieces to iron. Although I am a schoolgirl I have to help my mother with the housework, and kitchen work spoils a pretty hand." I am aware that many girls think just as Marjorie does about this. I have even known girls who shirked household tasks and allowed tired mothers to grow more tired instead of trying to ease their burdens, simply because they feared to ruin hands of which they were vain. You would never do this, I am sure, you girls who are reading this talk.

It is possible that hard daily labor without intervals of rest may coarsen and enlarge a girl's hands, but few of us are exposed to this danger. With a little care, a girl may work in the garden, may sweep, dust, or, if need be, scrub, and may wash dishes three times a day, and not injure her hands in the least. Gloves may be worn in the garden. India rubber gloves, fitting tightly to the skin, are a good protection against hot suds, and dainty dish washing, which is preeminently a lady's work is greatly helped by the use of a mop. For pots and pans there is an iron dish washer which is more radical and thorough than a cloth in one's hand. If you are troubled with rough, red or callous hands, if they crack in frosty weather, or the skin peels off, be extremely fastidious about your toilet soap. Wash the hands very thoroughly with soap of good quality, rinse them in tepid water, and be sure to wipe them dry. If hands are always wiped until all the moisture is gone and absorbed by the towel, they will seldom crack. The use of cold cream, well rubbed into the skin at night, especially around the finger nails, softens and whitens the hands, and a good plan for a girl is to slip such hands into a loose pair of gloves. An old pair of her father's or brother's gloves answers admirably.

While I am about it, let me caution you not to wear dress gloves too small for you, or that fit too tightly. Instead of making your hand look smaller, tight gloves exaggerate its size. Gloves should be long enough to fit the fingers comfortably, and should come up well over the wrist. I am rather old-fashioned, and do not like to see young girls putting on their gloves in public. One's outdoor toilet should be fully completed before one leaves the house. I know a school where girls receive demerits if they go out to walk or make calls without putting on their gloves first.

Every young girl should have on her dressing table a manicure set. This consists of a small pair of curved scissors, a nail file, an orange stick, a chamois polisher, and a little box of nail powder. When about to trim the nails soften them by dipping the ends of the fingers into warm soapy water. File the nails first, gently press back the cuticle with an orange stick, rub them with a little vaseline and polish the nails with the chamois. A girl who neglects cleanliness in the daily toilet of the hands and nails is either indifferent to bathing and to the proper care of the body, or else her early surroundings have been unfortunate. Observe, girls, that a lady's hands may be rough or red, but they are invariably immaculate. Clean hands are the hall-mark of a gentlewoman.

Ink stains may be removed by the use of pumice stone, by lemon juice and salt, or by dipping a sulphur match into rain water and rubbing it on the stain. Fruit stains may be removed by holding the fingers in the fumes of a sulphur match.

* * * * *

Now that I have said all this about beautiful hands, I want to add something else, which is just as important as any of the rest. No hand that is not womanly will ever have a claim to be regarded as charming or exquisite. Womanly hands are those which are engaged in kind offices for those one loves. The girl who is helpful, unselfish, generous and kind, is the one whose hands will deserve most praise.

I must add a word, too, about the cordial hand-clasp. Some girls have a limp, flabby way of shaking hands. They really have no grip. Others go to the opposite extreme, and almost crush a friend's hand when they grasp it. There is a happy medium in this, as in most things. When you meet a friend in the street or at your home, it is very seldom necessary to greet her with a kiss. Almost never should one girl kiss another in a public place. The only exception is when friends are separating for a long time or for a journey, such as crossing the Atlantic or the continent. Then kisses are in order. Usually, it is enough to shake hands when one encounters friends or acquaintances, and the hand-clasp should be warm and sincere.

Do not rush to fads in hand-shaking. Several years ago there was a fashion of elevating a friend's hand in a rather abrupt perpendicular way, which had an extremely awkward effect. That style is now obsolete. In your own home do not greet visitors with a mere stiff bow. Offer your hand. You have, of course, the privilege of refusing to shake hands with a person you dislike, or with one of whom you do not approve.

"The hand of Douglas is his own, but one can hardly offer a greater slight than to refuse or overlook a proffered hand."

SOME BEAUTY NOTES.

A Little Care of the Looks Is Needed by Every One and Is Wrong to Neglect.

Sensible young matrons who desire to preserve their hands will use a mop for washing the dishes; the hands need then never come in contact with dish water and may be kept soft and white, declares Mme. Hebe, in the Chicago Inter Ocean.

Another common sense scheme for the preservation of the hands is the wearing of gloves for housework. As a protection against callous spots on

USE CLEANSING CREAM.

the palms a pair of old gloves may be laid aside to wear on sweeping days.

Instead of soap and water to wash the face, use a cleansing cream. It will remove dust and dirt, prevent chapping and blackheads, and maintain the skin in a soft and velvety condition.

To remove the cream use a soft cotton towel. Rub gently with a rotary movement until all the cream has disappeared.

Most refreshing in the morning or after a hard day's work is a good toilet water applied to the forehead and cheeks with a soft silk sponge.

An Oily Skin

An oily skin means that the diet is not what it should be. Avoid all fatty foods, strong coffee and rich viands. Eat fruit early in the morning and drink mineral waters. Green salads are good. Stimulating and astringent washes are needed to restore tone and vitality to the relaxed glands. The use of bay rum, alcohol, camphor and ammonia is to be deplored, as these are all too drying.

Woman's Benefaction.

Mrs. Marion B. Baxter, for several years employed on the Seattle Daily Times, is at the head of the only free hospital in Seattle, Wash., the hospital ship Idaho. Roger S. Greene and other public-spirited men of the city bought the ship and gave it for the benefit of those too poor to pay for admission to hospitals.

The Thumb's Value.

Various estimates have been made as to the relative industrial value of the thumb and fingers. Two French experts consider that the loss of the right thumb lessens the value of the hand 30 per cent. and the left thumb 20 per cent.; the index finger 10 to 20 per cent. and the middle finger 8 to 12 per cent.

Cabman's Sarcasm.

"Would you mind walking the other way, and not passing the horse?" said a London cabman with exaggerated politeness to the fat lady who had just paid the minimum fare. "Why?" she inquired. "Because if 'e sees wot 'e's been carrying for a shilling 'e'll 'ave a fit," was the freezing answer.

Wrapper for Baby.

A sweet little wrapper for a new baby is of pink peau de soie made without a collar. It has nightingale sleeves the slits tied with white ribbons at the ends. All the edges are scalloped and embroidered with the buttonhole stitch.

THE DIFFERENT SOUPS.

How to Make the Puree or Cream—Making of Common Stock and Stronger Consomme.

With the housewife the preparation of a soup is usually the feature of the holiday or Sunday dinner when unusual pains are taken to set a more elaborately prepared feast than usually characterizes the week-day dinner. As culinarily considered the soup composes an important portion of such a repast. In order to insure the best results we wish to call particular attention to the directions concerning the addition of the "liaison" and the use of cold water when cold water is mentioned.

The puree, or cream, is quite a thick soup, very palatable and substantial. It is made out of fowl, game, vegetables or fish. In every case one must first cook the particular materials until tender, and then strain them, to obtain a reasonably clear liquor, to which must be added what the French cooks call a "liaison" (binding), to unite all the parts. This is made with yolks, cream and butter, sometimes flour or starch. One must never forget that this liaison should be added only when ready to serve; that the saucepan must be placed on a corner of the range; that one should add some of the hot liquor to the liaison before pouring the latter into the saucepan; and that never, under any circumstances, should a soup be permitted to boil after pouring in a liaison.

Stock being the foundation of many soups, and serving also for the basis of many sauces and dishes, it would prove advantageous for a housewife always to have some stock on hand. Stock may be kept fresh for several days in an earthen jar in an icebox, the only precaution necessary being to let it boil awhile in case of a very hot or stormy day, to prevent souring.

For one gallon, wash thoroughly five pounds cheap beef and bones and two pounds hock veal. Put in kettle and cover with cold water. Boil slowly, skimming until clear, and adding from time to time a tablespoonful of cold water to hasten separation of scum. When clear, add two carrots, one-half turnip, one onion and some celery, and boil two hours. Remove the veal, add one old fowl (cut in pieces), and boil slowly three hours more. Skim off floating grease and strain soup. Bouillon should be only lightly salted. Half of the onion should have been browned on the stove, to give color and taste.

Consomme is the name given to a stock stronger and more palatable than the common one. It forms the foundation of the soups for the more fashionable dinners, or is served in cups at ball suppers or luncheons.

Cut in pieces one old fowl and two pounds veal hock; let them brown lightly in butter; then put them in a kettle with three to four quarts of stock. Cook slowly for two hours, skimming from time to time. Remove floating grease and pass through strainer, or, better, a cloth.—Prairie Farmer.

SUGGESTIONS TO HOUSEWIVES.

Meat baked in the oven and never basted is often like tough leather throughout. In baking, a very hot oven is wanted for five minutes, then the heat should be reduced for gentle cooking.

Save all baking powder tins; they always come in handy as molds, either for steamed pudding, jellies or frozen desserts, and these dishes will always be served most attractively on your table.

In taking stains out of silk blouses and collars try borax. Get a few cents' worth of powdered borax, sprinkle a little over the stain or dirty part and rub well with a clean cloth. Generally the stain will be found to disappear entirely and most speedily.

When cleaning finger marks or soiled places from painted woodwork it should always be remembered that the doors, windows, etc., must be dusted or wiped off first with a dry rag and then wet with clear water, beginning at the top and working down, to prevent streaks. Scrub clean with a soft rag and good laundry soap or use water and ammonia. Then dry by rubbing from the top down with a flannel rag or chamois.

It is an excellent plan in the care of palms and rubber plants and, indeed, in nearly all house plants, to dip the entire plant, pot and all, into a basin or tub of lukewarm water now and then. This treatment allows all the roots to become thoroughly soaked.

When making any sort of boiled pudding tie over the basin grease-proof paper, such as the grocer wraps the butter in. Boil in the usual manner, but take care that the water does not come up to the top of the basin. This plan saves trouble, for each pudding has a fresh paper and the washing of pudding cloths is done away with.

Housewives are often in a dilemma as to what to do with left-over cornbread, gems, biscuit, etc. They hate to throw them away and to serve them cold savors too much of economy. Sprinkle them with cold water, place them in a deep baking dish or pan, cover with a tin and set in a moderate oven, letting them remain there for about 15 minutes. They will come from the oven almost as good, if not as quite as good, as new. Only enough for a single meal should be heated at one time, as all warmed-over breads and cakes dry quickly.—Chicago Daily News.

For 33 Years

Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the I[illegible] Tonic, has been before the public, and this, [illegible] with the fact that its sales have [illegible] fifty thousand year by year, is the best proof of the merit of

Shiloh

as a cure for C[illegible] Colds, and all diseases of the lungs and air passages. Those who have used Shiloh would not be without it. Those who have never used it should know that every bottle is sold with a guarantee [illegible] if it does not cure you, the dealer will refund what you paid for it. Shiloh

Has Cured

[illegible] of the most dangerous cases of Coughs, Colds and Lung trouble. Let it cure you.

"I think your Shiloh's Consumption Cure is the [illegible] ever discovered. My baby, when [illegible] nearly two years old, was [illegible] the top on [illegible] and a [illegible] baby or a [illegible] where one cannot be [illegible]. If he is cross or restless or has a cough, one or two doses above [illegible] him. I [illegible] not be without a bottle of Shiloh's in my [illegible] for many times in the power of [illegible]. It has [illegible] dollars' bills.—Mrs. J. B. P[illegible], Atlanta, Ala.

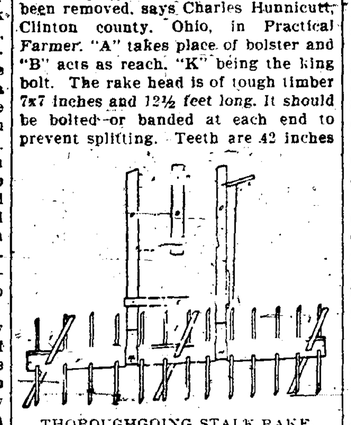
SHILOH

25c. with guarantee at all druggists.

STALK RAKE THAT WORKS.

Farm Implement Which Can Be Made at Home and Which Will Do Good Service.

I send an illustration of a stalk rake that is a success. The frame is of 2x7-inch stuff, is seven feet long and three feet ten inches wide. The front of this frame is attached to the front gear of a wagon after reach and bolster have been removed, says Charles Hunnicutt, Clinton county, Ohio, in Practical Farmer. "A" takes place of bolster and "B" acts as reach, "K" being the king bolt. The rake head is of tough timber 7x7 inches and 12½ feet long. It should be bolted or banded at each end to prevent splitting. Teeth are 42 inches



THOROUGHGOING STALK RAKE.

long, 2¼ inches in diameter and set 11 inches apart. The pieces III are 2x4x45 inches and fitted into the rake head at right angles to teeth, as shown. The pieces are for the rake to turn on in discharging its load. The end of the central "I" piece rests on the trip arm, "E," when raking. The driver moves lever, "L," forward and the rake dumps by revolving. The rake head is attached to frame at "H" with iron bands as an ordinary revolving hay rake. The teeth should stand nearly vertical when raking. The difference in slant is adjusted by raising or lowering the trip arm, "E." Put any good seat near "L." To haul or house the rake, unbolt and remove the "I" pieces, uncouple at HH and load on sled or wagon. If you make one and your neighbors see it work they will all want to help you wear it out.

THE COST OF LAMBS.

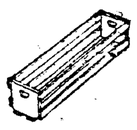
It Is a Difficult Matter to Get At, But Can at Least Be Approximated.

It is a most difficult matter to get at the actual cost of rearing lambs, since one cannot just figure the management that will insure a certain number of them to live, nor how much of the expense of keeping the dam is to be charged to the lamb. As a rule, the cost of every lamb at birth is the cost of keeping the ewe between lambing periods, less the income from her wool and the value of her manure to the farm. We would say, says the Midland Farmer, that the cost of a lamb is anywhere from 50 cents to three or four dollars, depending upon the methods employed. It should be understood that the board bill of a sheep increases with increase in size, and growing sheep consume more feed than mature ones. Then, ewes will have from one to two lambs, which further complicates the matter of figuring cost. Should any breeder secure 100 lambs from 100 ewes he is doing well. We have always figured that the wool would pay the keep of the dam, and leave lamb free of cost at lambing time. Whatever it cost from that time until the lamb is in market should be charged to the lamb.

KEEPING SEED CORN.

One of the Simplest and Most Effective Methods Is by the Use of Boxes.

Various methods have been suggested for drying seed corn during fall and winter, ranging from tying the ears on a string hanging to a rafter in the attic, to complicated pedigree shelves, where each ear may be kept track of. One of the simplest and most effective methods, says the Farm and Home, is to use boxes, such as are shown in the cut, which are three feet long, six inches wide and eight inches deep.



The ears are set in this box in two rows, but butt end down, and the box set away in a dry place of moderate temperature. It is useful in sorting the corn, since every ear stands out so that it may be readily removed and examined.

The Asparagus Bed.

We believe in mowing the asparagus bed in the fall and burning it over to destroy the beetle eggs and rust that may be there. Others who have grown much more of it than we have prefer to have the old stalks remain until spring as a help to hold the snow on the bed, says the Farmers' Review. But in either case we would cut and carry away all the seed beginning to fall. The little seedlings in the old bed are no better than so many weeds. If seedlings are wanted to set a new bed, cut the stalks when the seed is nearly ripe and hang them up to dry. Then sow the seed in a new bed, from which it may be transplanted when a year old. We like good yearling plants better than two-year-olds.

POULTRY WISDOM.

Give the hens all the sunlight possible.

Mixed feed for hens should not be too soft.

Find out what hens are unprofitable and dispose of them.

Some of the largest producers of poultry started small.

The fowls should be kept indoors during cold wet days in late fall.

During wet days see that the litter in the poultry house does not become damp.

The pullets are the hens that lay the eggs in early winter.—Farmers' Review.

EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

Scotland, in proportion to her population, sends more boys to college than any other country.

Japanese children begin to go to school when six years old. During the first four years they learn Japanese and Chinese; in the next four years every child has to learn English.

Several schools in Nevada have been compelled to close because the trustees have found it impossible to secure teachers. Almost as soon as they arrive and take charge they resign and marry.

President Dabney, of the University of Cincinnati, is advocating the forming of a student body at his institution to control college ethics. He believes that a student body, which would have general supervision over all student affairs, would be a good thing.

Miss Helena T. Goessmann, who is the leader of the Catholic women's educational movement in the United States, in spite of the tremendous amount of work she is required to do with that association, will deliver 20 lectures this winter before clubs and colleges.

The Teachers' Federation of Belgium has compiled statistics which go to show that boys from six to seven years of age who do not attend school both increase in stature and in weight in a higher ratio than the boys of the same age in a school.

The supreme court of the state of Washington has decided that the law against disturbing a public school applies to schoolboys as well as to others. So John Packenham, the 14-year-old boy who disturbed his class at Chehalis, has been sent to the reform school.

It is reported that many Roman Catholic colleges are to be changed into free high schools. This movement was led by the rector of the Catholic university at Washington, then monsignore, but now Bishop Conaty, beginning in 1900 and getting important action in 1901, with the hearty approval of Cardinal Gibbons and Cardinal Rampolla.

OPTIMISTIC OBSERVATIONS.

Even dyspepsia, that awful curse of humanity, has its lighter side. It saves grub.

There is good in everything. A man may be ever so bad and still have good teeth.

Let the fat man rejoice that he is no fatter than he is, and the thin man sing because he has skin and bones left.

The man who has two mothers-in-law may take heart of hope, for he might have had three or four or half a dozen.

If it rains, be glad the rain isn't bricks. Show your teeth most of the time and you will soon find life one long jag of joy.

The man who is alive should be thankful that he is not dead, and the dead should be thankful that they don't have to pay rent for their tombs.

The married man can truly be thankful that he is not single, and the single man thankful because he is not married. There is room for rejoicing on all sides.

The skinniest pig that ever rooted in the ground will make good soap grease. The toughest steak can be ground up in a meat grinder, disguised with spices and things, and made into mince pies.

SAPIENT SENTENCES.

Courtship is the enchanting view from a distance and marriage is actually climbing the mountain.

The pull of a politician and the pull of a dentist are somewhat similar—they both cause others pain.

If men received everything they pray for they would soon become too lazy to even get out of bed to pray.

You will be compelled to look over a good many samples before you discover a homely girl who is really cute.

A girl's opinion of a young man drops a good many points if he attempts to kiss her and quits before he accomplishes it.

SECRET WORTH LEARNING.

Why Man in Insane Asylum Was an Object of Envy to a Visitor.

"You poor man," said Mr. Henpeck, who, according to the Chicago Record-Herald, was for the first time seeing the inside of a lunatic asylum, "how long have you been here? Can you remember?"

"Oh, yes; very well," replied the patient; "seven years. You see, they let me do pretty near as I please because I'm harmless."

"Are you married?"

"Sure, I have a wife who used to throw things at me every time I came in the house."

"How sad! Do you know how she manages to live?"

"She's getting along all right. Her brother, who is a rich bachelor, is takin' care of her. He never would give up a cent, though, as long as I was able to work, confound him."

"And what do you do here?"

"Sit around mostly, smokin' and waitin' for the next meal time."

"Say," said the visitor, speaking softly, and drawing a little nearer to the patient; "just between ourselves, how did you get them to send you here?"

Words of Wisdom.

Westfield, Ill., Dec. 18th (Special).—All who are suffering with Bright's Disease should read carefully the following letter from the Rev. G. L. Good, of this place. He says:—

"I feel it is my duty to tell you of the wonderful benefit I have received from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I am a Minister of the Gospel, and in my work I am frequently exposed to all weathers. Six years ago I was laid up sick. I doctored with a number of physicians, and finally consulted a specialist, but without success. They all told me I had Bright's Disease. I was in a bad way and almost helpless, when, thank God, I heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills. They saved my life. I took sixteen boxes and now I am cured. The first day I took them I felt relief. When I began I weighed only one hundred and five pounds, now I weigh one hundred and sixty-five, and I am the picture of health. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all my friends who have Kidney Trouble, and I pray to God that other sufferers will read these words and be helped by them."

Such Friendly Friends.

Maude—Jack Huggins has been calling on me for nearly three months. I expect a proposal soon.

Clara—Oh, Jack never rushes things. It was at least five months before he proposed to me.—Chicago Journal.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c

"A hopeful disposition," said Uncle Eben, "is a great blessin' till a man gits ter dependin' intirely on it to see dat de rent's paid."—Washington Star.

How to cure Biliousness, Stomach Disorders, Chronic Constipation, Bladder, Liver and Kidney Irregularities, take Spanish Cross Tea for a month. 25c a package.

To meet a hearse is held to be a sure sign of death. Live men have a habit of not riding around in hearses.

Mrs. Austin's pancakes will help you to regain that lost appetite. At grocers.

Money makes the mare go, and the loss of your money makes your friends go.

FOR WOMEN ONLY

Body Mass of Sores Could Not Sleep—Spent Hundreds of Dollars on Doctors, But Grew Worse.

CURED BY CUTICURA FOR $8.

"Cuticura saved the life of my mother, Mrs. Wm. F. Davis of Stony Creek, Conn. Hers was the worst eczema I ever saw. She was hardly able to eat or sleep. Her head and body was a mass of sores, and she despaired of recovery. Finally, after spending hundreds of dollars on doctors, growing worse all the time, living in misery for years, with hair whitened from suffering and body terribly disfigured, she was completely cured by two cakes of Cuticura Soap, five boxes of Cuticura, and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent.—Geo. C. Davis, 161 W. 36th St. N. Y."

Wise is the employer who knows how to do the things he employs others to do.

For winter or summer, Mrs. Austin's Pancake flour. Always good at grocers.

Mud seldom sticks to the man who has the right kind of dust.

THE OLD-MONK-CURE

St. Jacobs Oil

has traveled round the world, and everywhere human

Aches and Pains

have welcomed it and blest it for a cure.

Price, 25c. and 50c.

MAKES BEAUTY

Among the ladies no other medicine has ever had so strong a following, because, excepting pure air and exercise, it is the source of more beautiful complexions than any other agency, as

Lane's Family Medicine

the tonic-laxative. It puts pure blood in the veins, and no woman can be homely when the rich, red blood of health courses in her veins. Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

PRICE, 25 Cts.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE
25 CTS. CURES COUGHS & COLDS

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee it. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M. D., Manufacturer Springfield, Mo.

SYRUP OF FIGS

To sweeten, To refresh, To cleanse the system, Effectually and Gently;

Dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated; For men, women and children;

There is only one Genuine Syrup of Figs; to get its beneficial effects

Acts best on the kidneys and liver, stomach and bowels;

Always buy the genuine—Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company California Fig Syrup Co.—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

Wellsboro Gazette.
FRANK CONEVERY, Prop'r.
WELLSBORO, : : : PA.

STORIES OF THE SECRET SERVICE

BY
Capt. Patrick D. Tyrrell

STORY No. 2

The Bothamley Murder Mystery

Being an Account of the Efforts Made by This Government to Bring to Justice the Murderer of Clement L. Bothamley, an Englishman Killed in Kansas.

By CAPTAIN PATRICK D. TYRRELL

[Copyright, 1905, by Marion G. Scheitlin.]

Her death was followed by a season of physical and mental suffering on the part of Bothamley, and this fact was one of the strongest arguments produced by the advocates of the suicide theory. It was entirely reasonable to suppose that a man of Bothamley's evident refinement, after deserting his family under stress of a mad infatuation for the wife of another man, should suffer a mental wrench at the death of his inamorata that might unbalance his mind and drive him to suicide in the solitude of a frontier trail. This was an easily spun theory, and one that appealed strongly to the sentimentalists.

Personally, I did not believe that the Englishman had sent a bullet through his own brain. I believe the records of crime will bear me out in this general conclusion—that the man who flings moral, legal and social obligations to the winds, as Bothamley had done when he eloped with Mrs. Miller, is seldom molded of such delicate clay as to blow out his brains when his companion in sin dies. To follow the course that Bothamley had followed in England a man must be essentially selfish, and selfishness of this kind does not beget self-destruction. To my mind it was more probable that Bothamley had formed another liaison than that he had destroyed himself on account of the tragic ending of the first. Suicide under these circumstances would have been the natural refuge of a woman—not of a man.

In additional support of my belief that Bothamley had been murdered, there were several corroborative physical circumstances. One of the most convincing of these was the fact, well established by science, that the human animal instinctively shuns the pointing of a pistol to the eye when about to take its own life. The bullet had entered Bothamley's face just under the right eye. Scientists assert that there is not a single record of suicide by shooting in which the weapon has been aimed at the eye, and they go so far as to claim that such a course would be impossible. To press the muzzle of the weapon against the forehead or the temple, thus hiding it from the vision, in common; to point the weapon at the eye is unheard of.

Another circumstance going to disprove the suicide theory was the finding of the pistol, a self-acting Colt's of 45 caliber, by the side of the body in such a position that it seemed impossible for it to have fallen where had the shot been fired by Bothamley himself. And, further, there were no powder marks, according to Verner and Dodson on the man's face when found.

But the murder, if it was such, could never be established, and the guilt of the murderer proved with theories. The case was under the general supervision of United States District Attorney J. R. Hallowell, but the local authorities had done about all that lay in their power. Col. Hallowell left me to my own devices in the work that followed, merely saying that the department of justice was very much desired to have the murderer punished.

Truth compels me to say that I saw but one promising lead to travel, and that was an investigation of the career of the woman whom Bothamley had introduced as his sister and with whom he was making the journey to Texas when he met his death. From all I was able to learn of the dead Englishman he was a man who was more likely to meet his death through entanglement with a woman than at the hands of Indians or desperadoes. I had studied the probabilities of murder at the hands of the last two agencies and found them weak. There was no evidence that an averaging hand had reached across the Atlantic to punish Bothamley for the ruin of two homes. In a liaison in force at the time of his death therefore I expected to find the evidence desired.

At Skeleton ranch there was a post office presided over by a woman. From this source it was learned that some little time before the death of Bothamley his companion had mailed two letters. The post is not overburdened at an office like Skeleton ranch, and the postmistress had plenty of time to inspect the envelopes of incoming and outgoing mail. In this case she was also garrulous and of retentive memory. From her I learned that one of the letters mailed by the supposed sister of Bothamley was a bulky one in a legal envelope, and addressed to the clerk of Harvey county. This proved on investigation to have been a deed made by Sarah A. Laws, spinster, of [illegible] county, covering 640 acres of land in the latter county. The consideration in the deed was given at $12,800. The description of the land in the deed coincided with the legal description of the ranch on which Bothamley had lived.

This discovery raised the question of the identity of Sarah A. Laws. Diligent inquiry failed to reveal such a woman, and, had she lived in the county claimed, it was unlikely that she could not be located. The identity of the Laws woman, therefore, became a problem. The fact that a deed to the Bothamley ranch, however, had been forwarded for record by Bothamley's woman companion invested that person with even greater interest.

The discovery of her real identity was not a matter calling for any great effort. While at the Bothamley ranch, where she had passed as his sister, she had been identified as Mrs. Nellie Bailey, the daughter of a Kansas rancher and carpenter named G. F. Benthuson. The whereabouts of the husband was unknown for the [illegible] that will appear later.

Important chapters in her life were not known to her acquaintances in Kansas. At this time the circumstantial case against her seemed to be growing stronger. In fiction the shrewd detective would have gathered a number of incriminating circumstances, grouped them into a narrative which he would have recited to the suspect, who, thereupon, as a tribute to the skill of the detective, would have broken down and tearfully confessed the crime. Had intelligent work been done immediately after the finding of Bothamley's body some such method might have been used with the results desired. But I doubt the effect of the "deduction and accusation" method on Nellie Bailey. At every intimation of her guilt she looked at you squarely with the bluest of blue eyes and protested innocence in a way that left the man who was firmly convinced of her guilt in doubt. Innocent or guilty, nature had given her a nervous system on which threats, insinuations or other attempts to pierce her composure had not the faintest effect. I believe she would have gone to the gallows, had fate so decreed, with the same air of injured innocence that she had maintained since the Indian police had taken her into custody because she was the logical person to have guilty knowledge of the crime.

She was shrewd enough to know that the drear plains had furnished no witness to what had transpired in the little house on wheels on October 7. She knew that any case made against her must be purely circumstantial. And she also knew that which I did not realize at the time—that in a country where women are few, a pretty woman even if she be bad is practically immune for the dangers of circumstantial evidence in a criminal trial. Therefore she stood pat in her innocence and fought the government squarely up to the government's main case.

Inquiry in the county in which she had lived developed several interesting and suggestive facts concerning her. She was an expert marksmanship with a revolver and a daring equestrienne. She rode astride, shooting with accuracy at wolves and other game from the saddle. She usually carried a revolver slung to a cartridge belt buckled around her waist. Small of stature, exuberant of health, daring in spirit, clad in short skirts and sombrero, she was a figure not soon forgotten by those who had seen her. Despite her mannishness in the saddle and with the pistol, she had played a part in numerous love affairs, for it must be remembered that on the frontier a woman in a sombrero is not a rarity, and one that can rope a pony or shoot straight is not classed as masculine. These were traits of the plains, desirable rather than otherwise, even in a pretty woman.

From the time Nellie Benthuson had gone into love affairs she had associated principally with men, among whom she was a favorite, and there followed gossip concerning numerous love affairs of more or less seriousness. In [illegible] she married the [illegible] of being fickle, quick in quarrel, quick in reconciliation and equally quick in dismissing lovers. These love affairs had reached their climax in her marriage to Shannon Bailey, a young man of good [illegible] of [illegible] and advancement in his profession and intensely in love with the high-spirited, boyish Nellie.

During the courtship Bailey had been the victim of at least one of that numerous class of individuals who delight in carrying gossip to the person most interested. In this case one of these officious chatter-boxes whispered things to Bailey about his [illegible] adoring lovers do not like to hear. These whisperings had the usual effect. Instead of breaking the attachment it strengthened it; but at the same time it planted seeds of distrust that later bore their [illegible] way.

Bailey promptly married the girl, but decided that they could be happier were she taken away from the scene of her girlish attachments. The Pacific coast was decided upon, and to the coast they went. They spent two months in California, Oregon and Washington. Over this trail I did not follow them. They returned to Kansas, settling temporarily at Clinton. Here the fickle bride almost immediately on their arrival fell in love with a telegraph operator and Bailey noted the attachment. There was a scene. Bailey shot at his wife's new admirer, missed him and then whisked his bride away to Dakota.

They first went to Huron, intending to settle there, and took rooms at the Wright house. In a few days Mrs. Bailey plunged into another flirtation, as furious as the first. Another scene resulted, ending in separation. Bailey took quarters away from the hotel and his bride remained at the Wright house. Several days later Bailey and his wife again became reconciled. She evidently had the power to throw him into the most violent fits of jealous rage, and then, by pretense of repentance and other woman's wiles, to bring him to her feet again. Right after this second reconciliation the pair moved to De Smet, a mere hamlet at that time, containing only 16 families. The country was new and was being developed by the railroad that had just built a line through it.

Bailey believed that the village had a promising future and announced his intention to settle there and go into the real estate and loan business. In his travels he had carried with him several thousand dollars, and soon after arriving at De Smet he deposited this money in the Bank of Kingsbury County, conducted by A. and Thomas H. Ruth. The Baileys rented a two-story building that had been used as a shoe store, with living rooms above, bought furniture and soon were, to all appearances, comfortably settled.

The ground covered by the Baileys from the time they returned from the Pacific coast until they settled in De Smet was all carefully gone over by me. It must be remembered that in these wanderings they had been nearly a year in advance of me, and I necessarily depended to a great extent on the good policy they had left in their wake. From this I sifted as carefully as I could the statements that I deemed worthy of credence. At each place they had stopped there were plenty of tales of jealous quarrels, always due, as nearly as I could judge, to the fickleness of the bride and her seeming wanton pleasure in keeping her husband in the throes of jealous rage. The conclusion I drew was this: That here was a case of a woman who had married, not from love, but because her suitor had been a desirable "catch." I was satisfied that she had had no genuine affection for Bailey; but to the daughter of an obscure carpenter, an offer of marriage from a rising, agreeable young lawyer of simple means was not to be treated lightly.

Thus I judged the woman on the facts as I had gathered them and without prejudice or desire to work any injustice. And here I wish to say that in my many years of work in hunting down and securing evidence against criminals of all kinds, a career begun in 1866—I have never been [illegible] in trying to manufacture evidence against any person suspected or accused, and I have never formed premature notions of the guilt or innocence of a suspect, always reserving conclusions on this point until the facts gleaned forced such conclusions. I am fully aware that many detectives of my personal acquaintance first assume the guilt of a suspect and then make the evidence fit their preconceived idea. [illegible] If they are guilty, intelligent, honest and persevering work on the part of the officers of the law will develop that fact if the evidence is in any way obtainable. If not—well, I have always believed in the adage that it is better for the guilty man to go free than for one innocent man to be punished. So in the case of Nellie Bailey I took the stories of her flirtations, wanderings for just what they were worth as shedding light on the character of the woman—and for nothing more.

On April 24 the Baileys moved into their De Smet home. For three days Bailey was seen about town in good health and spirits, engaged in the petty affairs connected with the furnishing of his home. So far as I could learn on my arrival at De Smet several months later, he had not been seen by any of the neighbors after the 27th of the same month. He had bade no one good by and none of the townspeople had seen him leave. Mrs. Bailey went blithely about her daily household duties, and when questioned concerning her husband's absence she explained he had business interests in California and had been summoned thither by telegraph. Of course, there was some gossip over the hasty and unseen departure of the lawyer, but it turned more on his having deserted his wife on account of her frivolity and freedom of action with other men than on anything more serious.

For two months Mrs. Bailey lived in De Smet, and then she announced that her husband did not intend to return there, and that she intended to leave. The newly bought furniture was sold at a sacrifice and other preliminaries to her departure quickly arranged. Elgin, Ill., was given as her destination, and later this was found to be the place to which she went. Thus the Baileys faded out of Dakota.

On my arrival at De Smet I went to the bank of Kingsbury. I had sent in an assumed name, and while waiting to be admitted a voice called out:

"Hello, Tyrrell, is that you?"

I found the speaker to be Mr. Ruth, who had served on a jury before which I had had a counterfeiting case in St. Paul. There was no further chance for me to conceal my identity or my mission. The Ruth brothers placed their services at my disposal. From them I ascertained that Bailey had deposited several thousand dollars in the bank when he first came to De Smet and that he had withdrawn it soon afterward. From the same source I learned of the arrival and departure of the Baileys and of the gossip that attended the disappearance of the lawyer.

[To Be Continued.]

SAW BOTHAMLEY LYING ON THE FLOOR DEAD

The Indian Knew.

Col. C. O. Shepard, who is examining Indians of the Union Indian agency at Muskogee, I. T., regarding their fitness to manage their own property outright, asks a great many questions, some of which must seem rather elementary to the better educated Indian. Col. Shepard was in South McAlester. He had before him an Indian above the average intelligence who wanted the restrictions removed. He was being asked a lot of questions, foolish and otherwise. The Indian was asked what he would do with the money, and replied that he would improve his land and buy and feed stock, principally hogs.

"Do you know anything about feeding hogs?" asked Col. Shepard, "how would you feed them? Would you grind the corn or feed it to them in the ear?"

"No, I would feed it to them in the mouth," replied the Indian.—N. Y. Tribune.

Life's Song.

Life is a song when one lives in harmony with the infinite.

Next!

Catherine Berain was a charming Welshwoman of long ago. She had so many husbands and so numerous were her progeny that, says the Rev. S. Baring-Gould in his recent book about her country, she is known to genealogists as the "Mother of Wales."

Catherine never went begging. She married early the first time and often [illegible] and at rather startling intervals afterward. Her first husband, by whom she had a son, was John Banishore of Lleweni. At his funeral Sir Richard Clough gave her his arm. Outside the churchyard stood Maurice Wynn of Gwydir, awaiting a decent opportunity of proposing to her. As she issued from the gate he did this.

"Very sorry," said the widow, with some regret, "but I have just accepted Sir Richard Clough. Should I survive him I will marry you."

She was as good as her word, when the [illegible] seal letter has it that she married set a fourth husband.—Youth's Companion.

God awaits for us somewhere on every pathway of pain.

HEARING AFTER DEATH.

Remarkable Instance of Continued Animation After Severance of the Head.

An extraordinary incident which occurred at the guillotining at Orleans of the murderer Languille has been interestingly explained by Prof. Hartsmann, a famous Paris surgeon, says the London Mail. When the blade of the guillotine fell, Languille's head was completely severed from the trunk. A doctor who was in attendance immediately picked up the head and called the dead man's name. To the astonishment of all present, the eyelids of the severed head opened wide and then closed again.

"Languille! Languille!" called the doctor a second time, and once more the eyelids lifted, but a third call met with no response.

Prof. Hartsmann says it is quite possible for a form of nervous life to exist after death. This would not be the case if the subject died naturally or of some disease, but undoubtedly it would be so in the case of a healthy person meeting with a sudden and violent death. When a strong man suddenly passes from life to death his bodily tissues show a considerable amount of resistance.

The professor says that he himself dissected the body of a man 36 hours after he had been executed, and that on pricking with a needle the nerve of the thick he discovered that it was alive.

In the case of Languille, says the professor, the eyelids opened, not because the name of Languille was pronounced, but because the sound of the voice on the ears produced a reflex action on the nerves. They would have lifted had any other name been called.

Roosevelt and Uncle Jake.

This story is told about President Roosevelt and an aged darky called Uncle Jake. The old colored man was very religious and was considered a pillar of the church he attended.

The president, while out driving one cold morning, met Uncle Jake crippled with rheumatism, hobbling along.

"Good morning, Jake," said the president.

"Good morning, sah," responded the darky.

Then a happy thought struck Mr. Roosevelt. "Uncle Jake," he said, "which would you rather have this cold morning, a ton of coal or a bottle of whisky?"

"Well," said the darky hesitatingly, "It's this way, Mistah President; yor see ma folks burn wood."—Boston Herald.

THE EMERY TRADE.

ONCE FLOURISHED IN MASSACHUSETTS, BUT NOW IDLE.

Mines at Chester Owned by Trust Are Deserted—Valuable Product Discovered by Dr. Lucas Before the Civil War.

New York.—Among the foothills of the picturesque Berkshires of Massachusetts, in the town of Chester, is an idle mine which has figured prominently in the history of the United States. Although this mine has been valued at various figures from $500,000 to over $1,000,000, it now lies idle, with little hope of being reopened.

It is scarcely five years since the trust paid nearly $500,000 for the mines, not only to board up the tunnel, hide the great wealth of minerals in the hills, throw out of work a large force of miners—and for what purpose? To prevent emery from [illegible] foreign countries and [illegible] ballast in ships. The foreign product is of an inferior quality, but without competition [illegible] less expense than it costs to produce emery in Chester.

The closing of this valuable emery mine (and the members of the trust admit its value) has been a great blow to the little town of Chester. Here was a town destined to be one of the most important in western Massachusetts. Surrounded with a wealth of minerals easily accessible and with water power at hand, the town promised a rapid [illegible] working in the mines and mills and new industries were fast springing into life. An emery wheel factory was built and Chester's future seemed assured. To-day hardly a dozen men are employed in the mills and the mine is closed. As a result the town has fallen back into inactivity and is now where it was nearly a quarter of a century ago.

The discovery and history of the mine have been marked with many important and unusual events. As a monument of the closed mine there stands on one of the main streets in Chester a stone building, never fully completed, and bearing the inscription over the door:

LUCAS MUSEUM—FREE TO ALL.

This was built by the late Dr. Heman S. Lucas, who discovered emery in Chester before the civil war, and who had intended the building as a gift to the town, together with his remarkable collection of minerals. Dr. Lucas, however, never lived to carry out his project and he died practically a poor man. The stone work of the museum is fast crumbling away, several of the windows are boarded over and the building, like the mine, serves only as a reminder of what might have been.

LUCAS MUSEUM
(Monument to Massachusetts' Emery Mines at Chester.)

Dr. Lucas when he sold the mine for some $30,000 or $40,000 thought himself a wealthy man. He supposed there was no end to his riches and his ideas were too large for his pocketbook. On mineralogy he was one of the best informed men in the country, on finances he was like a child. Minerals interested him; money did not.

How emery came to be discovered in the foothills of the Berkshires is a story familiar to many of the residents of Chester, but has been exploited very little in the world at large.

Dr. Heman S. Lucas was born in Blandford, in the Berkshire Hills, September 16, 1817. In 1840 he took up the study of medicine, and also dentistry, moving to Chester, where he practiced medicine from 1844 to 1875. Minerals had a great attraction for him, and in his long drives to visit his scattered patients he collected many fine specimens. It was in 1856 that he discovered what he thought to be iron and a company was organized for mining the ore. When it came to smelting the ore much difficulty was met with, and in the early sixties Dr. Lucas came to the conclusion that he had discovered emery. At that period all the emery used in this country was imported from Turkey. Then came the civil war, and the discovery of the Chester mine proved an important one to the government. The importation of emery ceased for a time and the government was furnished from the Berkshires.

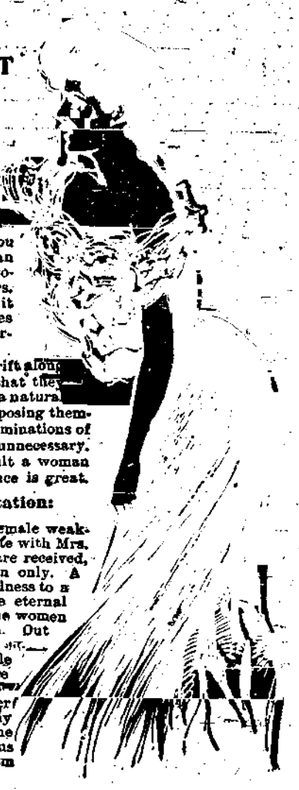
While the Chester mine was at the height of its glory, some five or six years ago, the emery trust, known as the International Emery & Corundum company, with Charles R. Flynt, of New York, at its head, and with Barber, of Diamond Match fame, and Rockefeller, of Standard Oil fame, on the board of directors, secured control. The price paid was close to $500,000. The International company worked the mine for a year and then turned it over to the Ashland Emery & Corundum company, this company holding a large mortgage on the property and being a party to the trust. The Ashland company ran the mine on a small scale for a year, but closed it about two years ago. Some ore from Turkey and the south is being shipped to Chester, and one of the mills is kept going a portion of the time, but otherwise the great emery industry is dead.

Needed a Son-in-Law.

J. H. Miller and Lily Rose, of Chickasha, I. T., ran away to Oklahoma City and were married on the birthday of the bride's father, the latter receiving the first intelligence of the event in this note from his daughter: "I could think of nothing that you need more than a son-in-law, so I concluded to give you one as a birthday present."

STOP! WOMAN,

AND CONSIDER THIS ALL-IMPORTANT FACT



That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with woman's diseases covers a period of many years.

You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—besides a man does not understand as a woman because he is a man.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose advice from actual experience is great.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has the very knowledge that is your [illegible]. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Following we publish two letters from a woman who accepted this invitation. Note the result.

First letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For eight years I have suffered something terrible every month with my periods. The pains are excruciating and I can hardly stand them. My doctor says I have ovarian and womb trouble, and I must go through an operation if I want to get well. I do not want to submit to it if I can possibly help it. Please tell me what to do. I hope you can relieve me."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 50th and E. Capitol Sts., Benning P.O., Washington, D.C.

Second letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"After following carefully your advice, and taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I am very anxious to send you my testimonial, that others may know their value and what you have done for me.

"As you know, I wrote you that my doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I then wrote you, telling you my ailments. I followed your advice and am entirely well. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I owe my life to you and to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I wish every suffering woman would read this testimonial and realize the value of writing to you and your remedy."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 50th and E. Capitol Streets, Benning P. O., Washington, D. C.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women whose testimony is so unquestionable, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and always helpful.

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Mention this paper.

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William A. Franklin, of the Franklin & Palmer Chemical Co., Rochester, N. Y., writes: "Seven years ago I was suffering very much through the failure of the kidneys to eliminate the uric acid from my system. My back was very lame and ached if I over exerted myself in the least degree. At times I was weighed down with a feeling of languor and depression and suffered continually from annoying irregularities of the kidney secretions. I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. I found prompt relief from the aching and lameness in my back, and by the time I had taken three boxes I was cured of all irregularities."

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[illegible] DOWN TO DEATH

13 Houses Toppled Over Into Clay Pit.

Twelve of the Missing Were Occupants of the Fallen [illegible] Five Others Were [illegible] the Rescuers Who Went to Aid of Neighbors After the First House Fell.

[illegible] houses along Rockland [illegible] were toppled over Monday night into a pit [illegible] deep which had been cut by clay [illegible] in connection with the brick [illegible]

Twelve of the [illegible] were occupants of the fallen houses; five were among the rescuers who went to the aid of neighbors after the first house fell and were carried down when the 12 other houses went crashing over the precipice. The wreckage quickly caught fire and those who were in the mass were either crushed or burned to death.

There is grave fear of another cave-in along Rockland street and the occupants of seven or eight houses have moved away. Others are keeping a constant vigil, ready to flee themselves and to alarm their neighbors in case of impending danger. The missing, all of whom are believed to be dead, are:

Occupants of houses: Harris Nelson, a merchant; Benjamin Nelson, his son; Mrs Silverman and young son; Charles Cohen and wife, P Mannim and wife, John B Beauchamp, A Provitch and daughter, Abraham Dias.

In the rescuing party: Joseph Albert, John McMurray, Bartley McGovern, Mrs Joseph Dailey, Rev Mr Alden, a Jewish rabbi.

The landslide which carried away the 13 houses was caused by the falling in of the bank under which the brick excavators had been working for years. The ground began cracking and showing seams at noon and some of the occupants of houses along the brink took warning and left. Others believed that nothing serious would happen and remained.

When the break occurred in the long line of land which formed the ragged edge of Rockland street, one house toppled over and went down 60 feet to the pit below with all who were living within its walls.

The other occupants of the houses prepared to leave their homes in the face of a blinding snowstorm. Several persons who lived nearby rushed to their aid and were assisting them in getting out when 12 more houses went down, carrying with them not only the families who occupied them but also several of those who had gone to their assistance.

The scene of terror was added to when flames from overturned stoves burst from the wreckage of the houses. Firemen came from miles around to aid in extinguishing the fire but when the landslide occurred it broke the large water main thus cutting off the entire supply. Relatives and friends of those buried beneath the ruins are still watching as they have been since yesterday morning for the bodies of the dead to be brought out.

James Sammie who lived along the edge of the pit did not get out of his house until it had settled eight feet. All the rest of his family escaped but his wife, and she went down with the building. Mr Sammie obtained ropes and went down after his wife bringing her up with the aid of two men. Her leg was broken in the fall.

During the last 20 years there have been many lawsuits over the excavations made by the brick companies.

At a meeting last night the local branch of the King's Daughters decided to care for the sufferers. Mayor Foss presided.

Alleged Brutal Treatment In Hospital.

Hackettstown N J Jan 9—Police are seeking to arrest two hospital attendants for alleged brutality to a patient John H Beatty five times mayor of Hackettstown. A committee of city officials went to the Morris Plains asylum where Beatty is an inmate and found him suffering from two broken ribs and many bruises. The present mayor Dr A C VanSickle headed this committee. Mr Beatty was taken to the asylum last Tuesday and his daughter Mrs Minnie Stephenson who visited him on the following day instituted the investigation. Beatty said that he had been brutally treated upon his arrival at the asylum.

Many sufferers from nasal catarrh say they get splendid results by using an atomizer. For their benefit we prepare Ely's Cream Balm. Except that it is liquid it is in all respects like the healing, helpful, pain allaying Cream Balm that the public has been familiar with for years. No cocaine nor other dangerous drug in it. The soothing spray relieves at once and cure is certain. All druggists, 75c, including spraying tube or mailed by Ely Bros, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Victorious Everywhere!

From all quarters comes the happy news, "Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar," is accomplishing such cures in severe coughs and colds, and lung complaints as astonishes even Dr Hale himself. To be without it in winter is a most serious matter in any family. Sold by all druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

"Suffered day and night the torment of itching piles. Nothing helped me until I used Doan's Ointment. It cured me permanently."—Hon. John R Garrett, Mayor, Girard, Ala.

Harsh physics react, weaken the bowels, cause chronic constipation. Doan's Regulets operate easily, tone the stomach, cure constipation. 25c. Ask your druggist for them.

A healthy man is a king in his own right, an unhealthy man is an unhappy slave. Burdock Blood Bitters builds up sound health—keeps you well.

[illegible] will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil for such emergencies. [illegible]

PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST.

[illegible] Bills Killed.

Philadelphia Jan 9 — Samuel R Shipley [illegible] of the Provident [illegible] in the [illegible] of the [illegible] in New York about the manner in which the affairs of the Provident company have been conducted, admitted that the company [illegible] employed counsel to have unfavorable [illegible] killed. [illegible] to Martin E Olmsted [illegible] for using his influence to [illegible] insurance bills [illegible] in committee. It also [illegible] for a number of years a salary of $2,000 outside of his regular compensation [illegible] its agents, for staying in Harrisburg while the legislature has been in session, looking out for bills that might affect the company and having them killed.

"Last year two bills came up in the legislature which we recognized as unfavorable to the interests of our company.

"I went to Mr Olmsted and told him about it. I said 'you have influence with the legislators and I thought you might be able to convince them these bills are unfair.'

"Mr Olmsted said 'You wish to retain me then?' and I told him I did.

"Nothing more was said until the legislature adjourned. In the meantime the bills died in committee. Mr Olmsted sent me his bill for $7,500. The company paid it and that ended the matter."

FOR SHORTER DAY.

Machinists In New York and Pennsylvania Are to Ask For Such a Change.

Scranton Jan 9 — Twenty-three delegates representing 2,300 machinists of district 126 which takes in all the counties between Oneonta, New York, and Tamaqua, Pa, on one side and Elmira, N Y, and Easton, Pa, on the other met in this city and decided to demand a nine hour day. The meeting lasted from early in the morning until the afternoon.

John Galligan of this city is the agent for this district. He has been organizing the machinists for the last three years and now with a strong organization and a full treasury the men think the time ripe to present their demand.

It will consist simply of a request for a nine hour day without any further increase of wages. This will be presented to contract shops only, it being the intention to take up the railroad shops at a future time.

BENEFIT OF THE JEWS.

Former Beaver Falls Merchant Wills $10,000 to Fund.

Beaver Falls Jan 9 — Word has been received that William Nixon a former Beaver Falls business man who sailed for Ireland several months ago is dead there from consumption after willing his estate of $10,000 to the fund for the amelioration of the Russian Jews.

Nixon was a bachelor aged 45. He is said to have declared that upon his death he would leave none of his money to his relatives because he had been ill treated as a boy.

He appeared in Beaver Falls 15 years ago. He secured work as an ax grinder and saved enough money to establish a clothing business. He contracted consumption a year ago, sold out his business and went to Ireland saying he "wanted to die in his native land."

Revolution Spreads In Caucasus.

St Petersburg Jan 10—Count Von Vorontsoff Dashkoff viceroy of the Caucasus in a telegram to the emperor dated January 7 says: "Owing to the interruption of communication and the spreading of false reports by the revolutionaries the movement of the latter is on the increase. The revolutionaries have seized the railroads which they are using for their own purpose. They are organizing general strikes and are endeavoring to influence the employes of the government. The district of Tiflis has been declared in a state of siege. At many of the railroad depots bombs have been discovered. Several agitators have been arrested. Tartars and Armenians are in conflict in Baku, Erivan, Daghestan and Kars."

New York Printers' Strike

New York Jan 10—A meeting of [illegible] was held last night at the [illegible] and a statement was given out in which it was said that the Typothetae was agreed to continue the fight for the open shop to a finish. Representatives of the 25 firms present not only reported that they were taking care of their work but had capable men engaged and on the way here.

Charles B Reed, another printing firm belonging to the Typothetae, agreed to the eight hour day and closed shop yesterday.

Hermit Is Attacked

Kent O Jan 9 — Jacob Weber aged 80 a hermit on the Cuyahoga river near Kent was found dying with a hole in his skull evidently made by a pick found near. Weber was born in Switzerland and served in the French navy, Crimean war and Civil war. He prevented several wrecks in the Rock Cut on the Baltimore and Ohio near his cabin. He is thought to have been robbed.

First Protestant Church In Havana

Havana Jan 10—The corner stone of the Presbyterian church, the first Protestant church edifice to be erected in Havana was laid Monday. An unsolicited gift of $25,000 was made by Mrs Tracy McGregor of Detroit.

The same effect produced by sulphur baths are accomplished by Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown 50c.

—The Gazette and the [illegible] Daily [illegible] both one year for $[illegible]

Begins Saturday, January 13th, and Ends Saturday Evening, January 20th, at 10 o'clock.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

Don't Miss This Big Money-Saving Sale, as it Means Dollars Saved for All Who [illegible]

OF

MODEL DRY GOODS AND STAR CLOTHING HOUSE,

WELLSBORO, PA.

PRIOR TO INVENTORY we have decided to start our semi-annual Clearance Sale on Saturday, Jan. 13th, and continue one week, closing Saturday evening, Jan. 20th, at 10 o'clock.

Owing to the moderate weather this winter our large stocks are not moving as rapidly as we would like to have them, and we are bound not to carry them over till next season, consequently we have slashed the prices so relentlessly that all the goods must quickly find buyers. Come early if you want the cream of the offerings, as some of the lots are very small.

This sale will surpass anything that was ever attempted in the history of this store. Every article specially marked for this sale will be found on the counters and tables with price ticket attached for your inspection.

Ladies' Waists.

The well known "Acorn" make, unequalled in style and fit, will go at these prices.

Lot 1—$1 00 quality, sale price.	79
Lot 2— 1 50 " "	$1.19
Lot 3— 1.75 " "	1.39
Lot 4— 2 00 " "	1 48
Lot 5— 3 00 3.75 " "	1 98
Lot 6— 4 50 " "	2 98

Millinery.

Lot 1—$1 75, $2 00 $2 50 Hats, sale price 49c.
Lot 2—Up-to date Shapes from $1 25 to $2 50, sale price 98c.
Lot 3—Trimmed and Ready-to-Wear Hats for one-half price.
One lot of Baby Bonnets from 75c. to $1 00, sale price 49c.
Cloaks, Suits and Furs during this sale will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

Ladies' Fleeced-Lined Underwear.

25c quality, this sale	19
35c " "	25
One lot Striped and Plaid Wool Waistings, regular price 45c to 70c	33
One lot Apron Gingham sale price	05
One lot Dress Gingham fast colors, just received	06
One lot best Calico	.05

Men's Suits and Overcoats

$5.00 Suits and Overcoats, sale price	$3 39
7 50 " "	4 98
10 50 " "	7 48
12 50 " "	9 79
15 00 " "	11.75
18 00 " "	14 89
20 00 " "	[illegible]
25 00 " "	20.00

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats will be cut in the same proportion during this sale.

One lot Men's Hats, all colors, from $1 25 to $2 50, sale price 79c.
One lot Men's Dress Shirts, soft and stiff bosom, 75c and $1 00 quality, 49c.
One lot Men's 90c. Jersey Overshirts 69c.
One lot Men's Shirts, 39c.
25c. Men's Suspenders, 12½c.

—We suggest to you that you attend this extraordinary sale every day and profit by this unusual money saving opportunity. Every patron of the Finkelstein Stores knows our policy of merchandising is fair and that quality lingers in the memory long after the price is forgotten, and that these low prices will move goods very rapidly.

Come in the forenoon or early in the morning when shopping is more agreeable. Stores close at 6 o'clock evenings except Saturdays. Yours for good goods at right prices.

JANUARY 20th IS THE LAST DAY OF THIS GREAT SALE.

FINKELSTEIN BROS.

If You Want the Best CALL FOR

SCHWARZENBACH BREWING CO.'S Export. Pure Healthful Nutritious. CALLICOON, PA.

CHARLES A. FOCHT
(Successor to Field Bros)
WELLSBORO, PA.,
DEALER IN
Pianos, Organs,
SHEET MUSIC AND MUSICAL SUPPLIES.

Our stock of Pianos include [illegible] Packard, Davenport & Tracey, Baus, Schnecke and twenty other makes.

In Organs we have Stevens, Mason & Hamlin, A B Chase, [illegible] Edna and other standard makes.

A fine line of Edison Phonographs and [illegible] records.
CHARLES A. FOCHT.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO YOU?

Both socially and in connection with your business
The value of either your residence or business listing in the
TELEPHONE DIRECTORY?
USE THE BELL.
N. Y. AND PENNSYLVANIA BELL TEL. & TEL. CO.

The Gazette AND THE Thrice-a-Week World ONLY $2.00 PER YEAR, CASH IN ADVANCE.

WANTED [illegible] position permanent. No investment or experience required. Write at once for full particulars and enclose self addressed envelope. COOPER & CO 132 Lake st., Chicago, Ill
Dec 14-10t

OVERCOATS
BLACK
BLUE $2.49 GRAY
ROSENBAUM & PHILLIPS
WELLSBORO, PA.
T. E. SMALL, Manager.

EVANS BROS.,
ART STORE,
WELLSBORO, PA.

The largest and most complete line of Paintings, Etchings, [illegible] Work, etc. in the county. All the latest works of art and novelties. [illegible] Frames.

Picture Frames Made to Order.
SOUVENIR POSTAL CARDS.
UNDERTAKING IN ALL BRANCHES.
BOTH PHONES.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
[illegible]
Scientific American.
[illegible]
MUNN & Co. [illegible] New York

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT the standard cough and cold cure for over 75 years now comes also in a 25c size. [illegible]

[illegible]

Given [illegible] 13th day of December [illegible] Lord nineteen hundred [illegible]
EDWARD B DORSETT, Sheriff.
Dec [illegible], 1905-4t.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the Executors, Administrators and Guardians named below have filed their accounts in the Register's office for Tioga county, Pa, and that the [illegible] said accounts will be presented to the Orphans' Court to be held at the Court House in Wellsboro, Pa, in said county, on MONDAY JANUARY 22, 1906, at 2 o'clock p m, for confirmation nisi, and will be finally confirmed on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1906, at 2 o'clock p. m. unless cause be shown why said accounts should not be confirmed.

The first and final account of [illegible], Guardian of Alic [illegible] minor children of Frederick Brown.

[illegible] of [illegible] Vandegrift, Administrator [illegible] Anuel Clark, late [illegible]

[illegible] of William J Doud, Administrator [illegible] of Mary E. Corley.

[illegible] deceased.

[illegible] of George S. [illegible] of Cordelia [illegible]

[illegible] deceased.

[illegible] of E. H Owlett, [illegible] late of [illegible]

[illegible] H. F. Marsh, Administrator [illegible] of Dr Lorenzo M. Johnson, deceased.

[illegible] account of R F Cleveland [illegible] of the estate of [illegible] Johnson late of [illegible] township, deceased.

The first and final account of John A. Bobena, Administrator of the estate of Jane Hamilton, late of Blossburg, deceased.

First and final account of Norman H Ryan, Executor of the will of Emily C Shumway, late of Lawrenceville [illegible]

CHARLES L. BABCOCK, Register.
December 28, 1905.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.—Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have made application for license as [illegible] below and that the same will be presented to the Court of the Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Tioga, on THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1906, at 2 o'clock [illegible] when all persons interested may attend [illegible] proper.

2 Frank S Dunk[illegible], Wellsboro
3 John M Gillespie, Blackwells, Morris township
4 J W Sullivan, Wellsboro
5 John F Dwyer, Duncan, at Antrim.
6 E D Wagner, Nauvoo, Liberty township
7 Walter T W[illegible], Wellsboro
8 Anson S Bu[illegible], Elkland.
9 Celestia M [illegible], Knoxville
10 John F [illegible], Blossburg.
11 William C [illegible], Blossburg
12 Warren B. F[illegible]
13 Robert A. W[illegible]
14 Burt Potter, [illegible]
15 George Sip[illegible] township
16 John Curtin, Morris township
17 E. George J[illegible], Nelson borough
18 W. B. Coles [illegible]
19 E. A Kenne[illegible]
20 Savilla J H[illegible]
21 Wm F O'Donnell, Blossburg
23 Harvey A [illegible], Union township
24 Grant Sebring [illegible] borough
25 [illegible]
26 [illegible]
27 [illegible] Gaines
28 [illegible] Tioga township.
29 A Harry [illegible], Elkland
30 Isaac F [illegible], Morris township
31 Christ[illegible] Morris township
32 William [illegible] Andrews, Millerton, Jackson township
34 L W Rice, Sabinsville, Clymer township
35 Ira L. Pr[illegible], Lawrenceville
36 F [illegible], Cotter Brook, Westfield township
38 Benjamin T. Walker, Ansonia, Shippen township
39 Alfred [illegible], Liberty borough
40 Edwin L [illegible], Tioga borough
41 E. O Wa[illegible], Covington borough.

WHOLESALE

1 Louis [illegible], Hamilton township.
22 J D Cor[illegible], Blossburg
33 Robert [illegible], Blossburg
37 Newell [illegible], Wellsboro

EDSON J CATLIN, Clerk.
January 4 1906.

Sheriff's Sales.

[illegible] of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of [illegible] county, Pa, and to [illegible] to public sale at [illegible] Wellsboro, Pa, on MON[illegible] 1906, at 2 o'clock p m., [illegible] described property in Tioga county:

[illegible] Delmar township, beginning [illegible] corner of the Wellman [illegible] for Sumner W Butler; [illegible] by William Rawle to [illegible] and by a [illegible] deeded by [illegible] to William A Warriner, [illegible] the northwest corner of a [illegible] by William Bache to Elizabeth [illegible] said Francis south 46.5 [illegible] the southwest corner of [illegible] west 50.5 perches to a [illegible] Butler lot, thence by [illegible] 44 perches to the place [illegible] containing 14.6 acres, being [illegible] by William Bache to [illegible] by deed of date 19th of [illegible] improved [illegible] lot of land in Delmar [illegible] at a hemlock, the north [illegible] us Wilson, thence east [illegible] thence by lands [illegible] Plumley south 123 perches [illegible] in the [illegible] line west [illegible] by Polittus Wilson [illegible] place of beginning, containing [illegible] being a part of [illegible] Wilson, Warrantee, conveyed [illegible] Plumley and Cordelia [illegible] Samuel B Warriner, by deed [illegible] A D 1850, recorded [illegible] 20, at page 270, of the [illegible] county, being the same [illegible] J Knowlton and wife to [illegible] by deed dated January 1, [illegible] Deed Book No 41, at [illegible] of Tioga county; all improved [illegible] frame dwelling house with [illegible] frame barns with sheds [illegible] and other outbuildings [illegible] ornamental trees thereon and [illegible] be sold as the property of [illegible] of Isabella E. Boyce, now [illegible] Joanna E Garman [illegible] land in Tioga township; [illegible] that certain lot known as [illegible] lot east by a lot known as [illegible] by the line of the [illegible] laid, and west by a lot known as the [illegible] possession of Wm [illegible] acre more or less [illegible] purchased by said [illegible] Thomas Hills and [illegible] deed dated December [illegible] in Deed Book No [illegible] all within framed [illegible] on attached and [illegible] framed barn and [illegible] fruit and ornamental [illegible] watered. To be sold [illegible] of Geo. [illegible] Gardiner [illegible]

EDWARD B DORSETT, Sheriff.

FIRST-CLASS HAND LAUNDRY
BEST WORK IN WELLSBORO.
[illegible] JAMES R. SUNG.